



Doc. Number :

Tentative Specification

] Preliminary Specification

Approval Specification

# MODEL NO.: G121ACE SUFFIX: LH2

Customer:	
APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
<u>Name / Title</u> Note	
Please return 1 copy for signature and comments.	your confirmation with your

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### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

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### **REVISION HISTORY**

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	Jun.9, 2022	All	Spec Ver.0.0 was first issued.

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### **1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

### **1.1 OVERVIEW**

G121ACE-LH2 is a 12.1" TFT Liquid Crystal Display IAV module with LED Backlight units and 30 pins LVDS interface. This module supports 800 x 600 SVGA mode and can display 262K/16.7M colors.

The PSWG is to establish a set of displays with standard mechanical dimensions and select electrical interface requirements for an industry standard 12.1" XGA LCD panel and the LED driving device for Backlight is built in PCBA.

### **1.2 FEATURE**

- SVGA (800 x 600 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS Interface with 1pixel/clock
- PSWG (Panel Standardization Working Group)
- Wide operating temperature.
- RoHS compliance

### **1.3 APPLICATION**

- -TFT LCD Monitor
- Factory Application
- Amusement

### **1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	246(H)*184.5(V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	800x R.G.B x 600	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.3075(H)*0.3075(V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical Stripe	-	-
Display Colors	262K/16.7M	color	-
Display Mode	Normally Black	-	-
Surface Treatment	AG type, 3H hard coating	-	-
Module Power Consumption	(10.47)	W	Тур.

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### **1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

lte	Item		Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Horizontal(H)		260.0	260.5	261.0	mm	
Module Size Vertical	Vertical(V)	203.5	204.0	204.5	mm	(1)
	Depth(D)	7.9	8.4	8.9	mm	
Horizontal		248.7	249	249.3	mm	-
Bezel Area	Vertical	187.2	187.5	187.8	mm	
Active Area	Horizontal	-	246	-	mm	
Active Area	Vertical	-	184.5	-	mm	
We	ight	-	(470)	(490)	g	

Note (1)Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

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### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

### 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

### 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

ltom	Symbol	Va	lue	Linit	Nata	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	NOLE	
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	-30	+80	°C	(1)(2)	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-30	+85	°C	(1)(2)	

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below

(a) 90 %RH Max.

(b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max.

(c) No condensation.

Note (2)Any condition of ambient operating temperature ,the surface of active area should be keeping not higher than 80°C.



### Relative Humidity (%RH)

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### 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

### 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

ltom	Symbol	Value		Lloit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	6	V	(1)	
Logic Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3	3.6	V	(1)	

### 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Lipit	Noto
	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Converter Voltage	Vi	-0.3	18	V	(1), (2)
Enable Voltage	EN		5.5	V	
Backlight Adjust	Dimming		5.5	V	

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for LED (Refer to 3.2 for further information).

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### **3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

### 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Parameter		Symbol	Value			Llnit	Noto
Falameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	NOLE
Power Supply Vo	ltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	4.75	5.0	5.25	V	-
Ripple Voltag	e	$V_{RP}$	-	-	300	mVp-p	
Inrush Current		I <sub>INRUSH</sub>	-	-	1.5	Α	(2)
Power Supply Current	White	100	-	87.96	105.64	mA	(3)a
	Black		-	87.88	105.5	mA	(3)b
LVDS differential inpu	it voltage	V <sub>id</sub>	200		600	mV	
LVDS common input voltage		V <sub>ic</sub>	1	1.2	1.4	V	
Differential Input Voltage for LVDS Receiver Threshold	"H" Level	V <sub>IH</sub>	-	-	100	mV	-
	"L" Level	V <sub>IL</sub>	-100	-	-	mV	-
Terminating Res	istor	R <sub>T</sub>	-	100		Ohm	-

Note (1)The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2)Measurement Conditions:



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Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at V<sub>CC</sub> =5V, Ta = 25  $\pm$  2 °C, DC Current and f<sub>v</sub> = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

a. White Pattern



Active Area

b. Black Pattern



Active Area

 $Ta = 25 + 2 \circ C$ 

### **3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT**

Paran	actor	Symbol		Value		Lloit	Noto
1 aiaii		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onit	NOLE
Converter In	put Voltage	Vi	10.8	12.0	13.2	$V_{DC}$	(Duty 100%)
Converter Input	Ripple Voltage	V <sub>iRP</sub>	-	-	500	mV	
Converter In	li	0.6	0.8	1.0	A <sub>DC</sub>	@ Vi = 12V (Duty 100%)	
Converter Inr	ush Current	lirush	-	-	5.0	A	@ Vi rising time=10ms (Vi=12V)
Input Power C	Pi	-	9.6		W	(1)	
EN Control Loval	Backlight on	ENLED	2.0	3.3	5.0	V	
EN CONTOI Level	Backlight off	(BLON)	0	-	0.3	V	
PWM Control Level	PWM High Level	Dimming	2.0	-	5.0	V	
	PWM Low Level	(E_PWM)	0	-	0.15	V	
PWN Nois	e Range	VNoise	-	-	0.1	V	
PWM Contro	I Frequency	f <sub>PWM</sub>	190	200	20k	Hz	(2)
	antrol Duty Datio		5	-	100	%	(2), @ 190Hz <f<sub>PWM&lt;1kHz</f<sub>
	Diffici Duly Ralio	-	20	-	100	%	(2), @ 1kHz≦f <sub>PWM</sub> <20kHz
LED Life	e Time	L <sub>LED</sub>	(50,000)		-	Hrs	(3)

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Note (1) LED current is measured by utilizing a high frequency current meter as shown below:



- Note (2) The lifetime of LED is estimated data and defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at Ta =  $25 \pm 2 \degree C$  and Duty 100% until the brightness becomes  $\leq 50\%$  of its original value.Operating LED at high temperature condition will reduce life time and lead to color shift.
- Note (3) At 190 ~1kHz PWM control frequency, duty ratio range is restricted from 5% to 100%. 1K ~20kHz PWM control frequency, duty ratio range is restricted from 20% to 100%. If PWM control frequency is applied in the range from 1KHz to 20KHZ, The "non-linear" phenomenon on the Backlight Unit may be found. So It's a **suggestion** that PWM control frequency should be **less than 1KHz**.

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4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

### 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



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### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

### **5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT**

### 5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Note
1	VCC	Power supply	
2	VCC	Power supply	
3	REV	Reverse Scan Control,	Note (2).(3)
	ļ	Low or NC $\rightarrow$ Normal Mode.	
		High → Reverse Scan	
4	NC	No Connection	
5	NC	No Connection	
6	SEL6/8	LVDS 6/8 bit select function control,	Note (2).(3)
	ļ	Low or NC $\rightarrow$ 6 bit Input Mode	
		High → 8bit Input Mode	
7	NC	No Connection	
8	NC	No Connection	
9	NC	No Connection	
10	NC	No Connection	
11	NC	No Connection	
12	NC	No Connection	
13	NC	No Connection	
14	GND	Ground	
15	NC	No Connection	
16	NC	No Connection	
17	GND	Ground	
18	NC	No Connection	
19	NC	No Connection	
20	RX3+	Differential Data Input, CH3 (Positive)	
21	RX3-	Differential Data Input, CH3 (Negative)	
22	RXC+	Differential Clock Input (Positive)	
23	RXC-	Differential Clock Input (Negative)	
24	GND	Ground	
25	RX2+	Differential Data Input, CH2 (Positive)	
26	RX2-	Differential Data Input, CH2 (Negative)	
27	RX1+	Differential Data Input, CH1 (Positive)	
28	RX1-	Differential Data Input, CH1 (Negative)	
29	RX0+	Differential Data Input, CH0 (Positive)	
30	RX0-	Differential Data Input, CH0 (Negative)	

Note (1) Connector Part No.: STM MSAK24025P30MB or I-PEX 20455-030E-76 or equivalent.

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: I-PEX 20453-030T-03 or equivalent..

Note (3) "Low" stands for 0V. "High" stands for 3.3V. "NC" stands for "No Connection".

Note (4) Interface optional pin has internal scheme as following diagram, Customer should keep the interface





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### 5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT(CONVERTER CONNECTOR PIN)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	NC	Not Connect	
2	Dimming	Backlight Adjust	PWM Dimming (Hi: $3.3V_{DC}$ , Lo: $0V_{DC}$ )
3	EN	Enable pin	3.3V
4	V <sub>GND</sub>	Converter ground	Ground
5	Vi	Converter input voltage	12V

Note (1)Connector Part No.: Cvilux CI4205M2HRD-NH or AECS 50277-00501-002 or equivalent.

Note (2)User's connector Part No.: Cvilux CI4205SL000 or equivalent.



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### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

### **5.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT**

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

			Data Signal																
	Color			R	ed					Gre	een					BI	ue		
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	: '	:	: '	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	÷		:	:	:	:	:	:
Of		: '		; '		:		:	:	:			:		:	:		: '	
Red	Red(61)	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(62)	1	1	1 '	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	: '	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: '	:
Ot		:	:	:	:				;	:	:	:	ļ	:	:	:	:		
Green	Green(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	U	0	U	U	U	0	1	0
Scale	: '	: 1			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: '	:
Of		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:						
Blue	Blue(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	U	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1			
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			1			0
	Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		1	1	1 1 '	1

Note (1)0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

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The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

												D	ata	Sig	nal										
	Color				Re	ed							Gre	een							Bl	ue			
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Soolo	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	<u>.</u>	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Pod	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
neu	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scalo	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	<b>.</b> :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Groon	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Grav	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scalo	:	:	:	:	•	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Dide	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1)0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

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### 6. INTERFACE TIMING

### **6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS**

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	ltem	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	Fr	34	40	48.3	MHz	-
	Period	T <sub>c</sub>	20.7	25	29	ns	
	Input Clock to data skew	TLVCCS	-	-	0.25	UI	(a)
LVDS Glock	Spread spectrum modulation range	F <sub>clkin_mod</sub>	-1.5		1.5	MHz	(b)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	$F_{SSM}$	25		90	KHz	(0)
	Frame Rate	F <sub>r</sub>	60	60	60	Hz	Tv=T <sub>vd</sub> +T <sub>vb</sub>
Vertical Display	Total	T <sub>v</sub>	610	628	792	T <sub>h</sub>	-
Term	Active Display	$T_{vd}$	600	600	600	T <sub>h</sub>	-
	Blank	$T_{vb}$	10	28	192	T <sub>h</sub>	-
	Total	T <sub>h</sub>	960	1056	1060	T <sub>c</sub>	$T_h = T_{hd} + T_{hb}$
Horizontal Display	Active Display	T <sub>hd</sub>	800	800	800	T <sub>c</sub>	-
i cini	Blank	T <sub>hb</sub>	160	256	260	T <sub>c</sub>	-

Note (1) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to

low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

Note (2) The Tv(Tvd+Tvb) must be integer, otherwise, the module would operate abnormally.

### **INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM**



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TIMING DIAGRAM of LVDS



Note (a) Input Clock to data skew is defined as below figures.



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Note (b) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



### 6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD assembly, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



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Deremeter		Linita		
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
T1	0.5	-	10	ms
T2	0	-	50	ms
Т3	0	-	50	ms
T4	500	-	-	ms
T5	450	-	-	ms
Т6	200	-	-	ms
Τ7	10	-	100	ms
Т8	10	-	-	ms
Т9	10	-	-	ms
T10	20	-	50	ms

Note(1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.

Note(2) When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.

- Note(3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- Note(4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Note(5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- Note(6) INX won't take any responsibility for the products which are damaged by the customers not following the Power Sequence.
- Note(7) There might be slight electronic noise when LCD is turned off (even backlight unit is also off). To avoid this symptom, we suggest "Vcc falling timing" to follow "T7 spec".

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### 6.3 The INPUT DATA FORMAT



Note (1) R/G/B data 7: MSB, R/G/B data 0: LSB

Note (2) Please follow PSWG

Signal Name	Description	Remark
R7	Red Data 7 (MSB)	Red-pixel Data
R6	Red Data 6	Each red pixel's brightness data consists of these
R5	Red Data 5	8 bits pixel data.
R4	Red Data 4	
R3	Red Data 3	
R2	Red Data 2	
R1	Red Data 1	
R0	Red Data 0 (LSB)	
G7	Green Data 7 (MSB)	Green-pixel Data
G6	GreenData 6	Each green pixel's brightness data consists of these
G5	GreenData 5	8 bits pixel data.
G4	GreenData 4	
G3	GreenData 3	
G2	GreenData 2	
G1	GreenData 1	
G0	GreenData 0 (LSB)	
B7	Blue Data 7 (MSB)	Blue-pixel Data
B6	Blue Data 6	Each blue pixel's brightness data consists of these
B5	Blue Data 5	8 bits pixel data.
B4	Blue Data 4	
B3	Blue Data 3	
B2	Blue Data 2	
B1	Blue Data 1	
BO	Blue Data 0 (LSB)	
RXCLKIN+	LVDS Clock Input	
HXCLKIN-		
DE	Display Enable	
VS	Vertical Sync	
HS	Horizontal Sync	

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### **6.4 SCANNING DIRECTION**

The following figures show the image see from the front view. The arrow indicates the direction of scan.

Fig.1 Normal Scan



PCBA on the TOP side

- Fig. 1 Normal scan ( pin 3, REV = Low or NC )
- Fig. 2 Reverse scan (pin 3, REV = High)

Fig.2 Reverse Scan



PCBA on the BOTTOM side

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### 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	oC
Ambient Humidity	Ha	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	Accordin	ig to typical value and tole	erance in
Input Signal	"ELEO	CTRICAL CHARACTERIS	STICS"
PWM Duty Ratio	D	100	%

### 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown here and all items are measured at the center point of screen unless otherwise noted. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described above and stable conditions shown in Note (5).

Iter	n	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Pod	Rx		(0.597)	(0.647)	(0.697)			
	neu	Ry	•	(0.290)	(0.340)	(0.390)			
Color	Orean	Gx		(0.271)	(0.321)	(0.371)			
	Green	Gy		(0.557)	(0.607)	(0.657)		(1) (5)	
Chromaticity	Rluo	Bx	θ <b>X=0°</b> , θ <b>Y =0°</b>	(0.102)	(0.152)	(0.202)	-	(1), (5)	
	Diue	By	Grayscale Maximum	(0.000)	(0.050)	(0.100)			
		Wx		(0.263)	(0.313)	(0.363)			
	vvnite	Wy		(0.279)	(0.329)	(0.379)			
Center Lumina	nce of White	LC		(500)	(600)	-		(4), (5)	
Contrast	t Ratio	CR		(700)	(1000)	-		(2), (5)	
Pospons	o Timo	TR		-	(13)	(18)	-	(2)	
nespons	e mine	TF	$\theta = 0^{\circ}, \theta Y = 0^{\circ}$	-	(12)	(17)	-	(3)	
White Va	ariation	δW	θX=0°, θY =0°	70	80	-	%	(5), (6)	
	Horizontal	θX+		80	88	-			
Viewing Angle	Horizoniai	θ <b>X</b> -		80	88	-	Dog	(1) (5)	
	Vartical	θY+	UT≧ IU	80	88	-	Deg.	(1), (5)	
	ventical	θ <b>Υ</b> -		80	88	-			

Definition :

Grayscale Maximum : Grayscale 255 (10 bits: grayscale 1023 ; 8 bits : grayscale 255 ; 6 bits: grayscale 63)

White : Luminance of Grayscale Maximum (All R,G,B)

Black : Luminance of grayscale 0 (All R,G,B)

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Note (1)Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta x$ ,  $\theta y$ ):



Note (2)Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression at center point.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = White / Black

Note (3)Definition of Response Time  $(T_R, T_F)$ :



Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L<sub>c</sub>):

Measure the luminance of White at center point.

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Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 40 minutes in a windless room. The measurement placement of module should be in accordance with module drawing.



Note (6) Definition of White Variation ( $\delta W$ ):

Measure the luminance of White at 9 points.

Luminance of White : L(X), where X is from 1 to 9.

$$δW = \frac{\text{Minimum [ L(1) to L(9)]}}{\text{Maximum [ L(1) to L(9)]}} X 100\%$$



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### **PRODUCT SPECIFICATION**

### 8. RELIABILITY TEST CRITERIA

Test Item	Test Condition	Note
High Temperature Storage Test	$85^\circ C$ , 240 hours	
Low Temperature Storage Test	-30°C , 240 hours	
Thermal Shock Storage Test	$-30^{\circ}$ C, 0.5 hour ↔ $85^{\circ}$ C, 0.5 hour; 100cycles, 1 hour/cycle)	(1) (2)
High Temperature Operation Test	$80^\circ C$ , 240 hours	(1),(2) (4),(5)
Low Temperature Operation Test	-30°C , 240 hours	( ) ( )
High Temperature & High Humidity Operation Test	60℃, RH 90%, 240 hours	
	150pF, 330 $\Omega$ , 1 sec/cycle	
ESD Test (Operation)	Condition 1 : panel contact, $\pm 8$ KV	(1), (4)
	Condition 2 : panel non-contact ±15 KV	
Shock (Non-Operating)	200G, 2ms, half sine wave, 1 time for $\pm$ X, $\pm$ Y, $\pm$ Z	
Shock (Non-Operating)	direction	(2) $(3)$
Vibration (Non-Operating)	1.5G, 10 ~ 300 Hz sine wave, 10 min/cycle, 3 cycles each X, Y, Z direction	(2), (3)

Note (1)There should be no condensation on the surface of panel during test,

Note (2) Temperature of panel display surface area should be 80°C Max.

Note (3) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

Note (4) In the standard conditions, there is no function failure issue occurred. All the cosmetic specification is judged before reliability test.

Note (5) Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 24 hours at room temperature.

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### 9. PACKAGING

### 9.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 18pcs LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 465 (L) X 362 (W) X 314 (H) mm
- (3) Weight: approximately 10.9Kg (18 modules per box)

### 9.2 PACKING METHOD





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Air Transportation



Sea / Land Transportation (40ft Container)



Figure. 9-2 Packing method

### 9.3 UN-packing METHOD



Figure. 9-3 UN-Packing method

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### **10. DEFINITION OF LABELS**

### **10.1 INX MODULE LABEL**

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



Serial

Revision

INX Internal Use Year, Month, Date INX Internal Use

**INX** Internal Use

Note (1) Safety Compliance(UL logo) will open after C1 version.

- (a) Model Name: G121ACE-LH2
- (b) \* \* \* \* : Factory ID
- (c) Serial ID: X X X X X X X Y M D X N N N N



Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2021~2029

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for  $1^{st}$  to  $31^{st},$  exclude I , O and U

- (b) Revision Code: cover all the change
- (c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product

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### **11. PRECAUTIONS**

### **11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS**

- (1) The module should be assembled into the system firmly by using every mounting hole. Be careful not to twist or bend the module.
- (2)While assembling or installing modules, it can only be in the clean area. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or damage the polarizer.
- (3)Use fingerstalls or soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (4) Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead on the panel because the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, please clean it by some absorbent cotton or soft cloth. Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanently damage the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (6) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Staining and discoloration may occur if they left on panel for a long time.
- (7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contacting with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (8)Protect the module from static electricity, it may cause damage to the C-MOS Gate Array IC.
- (9) Do not disassemble the module.
- (10)Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.
- (11) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

### **11.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS**

- (1) When storing for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.
  - (a)Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 30°C at humidity 50+-10%RH.
  - (b) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
  - (c) It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
  - (d) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
  - (e)The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition
- (2) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (3) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because the moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (4) It may reduce the display quality if the ambient temperature is lower than 10 °C. For example, the respons time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of lamp will be higher than the room temperature.

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### **11.3 OTHER PRECAUTIONS**

- (1) Normal operating condition
  - (a) Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display)
  - (Note) Long-term static display can cause image sticking.
- (2) Operating usages to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display
  - (a) Static information display recommended to use with moving image.
- (3) Abnormal condition just means conditions except normal condition.

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### **12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



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### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

### Appendix. SYSTEM COVER DESIGN NOTICE



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### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Definition	a. To prevent from abnormal display & white spot after mechanical test, we suggest using Tape/Sponge as medium between chassis and Module rear cover could reduce the occurrence of white spot.
	b. When using the Tape/Sponge, we suggest it be lay over between set chassis and Module rear cover. It is not recommended to add Tape/Sponge in separate location. Since each Tape/Sponge may act as pressure concentration location.

3	System inner surface examination
	• The hatch area
	Module
	Burr Burr PCBA Chassis Step
	System cover inner surface
	• The hatch area
	Module
	Burr Burr PCBA Chassis Step
	System cover inner surface
Definition	<ul> <li>a. The natch area on Module PGBA should keep at least 1mm gap(X, Y,Z direction) to any structure with system cover inner surface.</li> <li>b. Burr, Step, PCB protrusion may cause stress concentration. White spot may occur during reliability test.</li> </ul>
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## PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

6 Permanent deformation of system cover after reliability test System front-cover Module System rear-cover deformation System front-cover Module System rear-cover deformation Module System front-cover System rear-cover deformation Module System front-cover System rear-cover 0 gap Module System front-cover System rear-cover Module System front-cover System rear-cover deformation System cover including front cover and rear cover may deform during reliability test. Permanent deformation of system front cover and rear cover after reliability test should not interfere with panel. Because it may cause issue such as pooling, abnormal display, Definition white spot and also cell creak. Note: If the interference cannot be avoided, please feel free to contract INX FAE Engineer for collaboration design. We can help to verify and pass risk assessment for customer reference.

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7	Design gap A between panel & any components on system rear-cover
Max. Thic	kness Module System front-cover
	A Component, Foreign objects, Wire, cable or Extrusion on system cover inner surface
Definition	System cover including front cover and rear cover may deform during reliability test. Permanent deformation of system front cover and rear cover after reliability test should not interfere with panel. Because it may cause issue such as pooling, abnormal display, white spot and also cell creak. Note: If the interference cannot be avoided, please feel free to contract INX FAE Engineer for collaboration design. We can help to verify and pass risk assessment for customer reference.



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9 Design gap C between panel & system front-cover or protrusions System front-cover Module System rear-cover Module System front-cover System rear-cover Gap between panel & system front-cover or protrusions is needed to prevent shock test failure. Because system front-cover or protrusions with small gap may hit panel during the test. Issue such as cell crack, abnormal display may occur. Definition The gap should be large enough to absorb the maximum displacement during the test. Note: If the interference cannot be avoided, please feel free to contract INX FAE Engineer for collaboration design. We can help to verify and pass risk assessment for customer reference.

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## PRODUCT SPECIFICATION







13 Use OCA Lamination Line poling Display Area P or Cover Glass C P Display Area P or Cover Glass P or Cover Glass

Definition 1.OCA glue as possible plastered throughout the module, in order to avoid Line Pooling. 2.Add side glue to avoid Line Pooling

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### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

1	Sponge area design behind panel
	OK
	NG
Definition	Sponge area design behind panel can not be across the panel metal rear and the reflector at the same time. It can be on the reflector area only.

2	Gap between system rear-cover & panel
	LCM (max.) Sponge + tolerance D≥0
Definition	<ul> <li>The maximum thickness of sponge on the system rear-cover can not interfere to the maximum thickness of panel. Because the interference may cause stress concentration. Issues such as pooling, abnormal display, white spot, and cell crack may occur.</li> <li>Note: If the interference can not be avoided, please feel free to contact INX FAE Engineer for collaboration design. We can help to verify and pass risk assessment for customer reference.</li> </ul>







4	Gap between panel & bezel
	2.Gap ≥ 0.1mm 1. Rib structure design holds the gap btw. bezel and panel surface.
Definition	<ul> <li>The gap between system bezel &amp; panel surface is needed to prevent pooling or glass broken. Zero gap or interference such as burr and warpage from mold frame may cause pooling issue near system font-cover opening edge. This phenomenon is obvious during swing test, hinge test, knock test, or during pooling inspection procedure.</li> <li>To remain the sufficient gap, design with system rib higher than maximum panel thickness is recommended.</li> <li>The sufficient gap design is greater or equal to 0.1mm.</li> </ul>



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### Interference examination of antenna cable and Web Cam wire

- To prevent panel damage, we suggest using CCD FPC to replace CCD cable
- Using double tape to fix LCM module for no bracket design.





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9	Material used for system rear-cover	
System rear-cover System rear-cover		
	System rear-cover thickness:1.5mm	
Definition	System rear-cover material with high rigidity is needed to resist deformation during scuffing test, hinge test, pogo test, or backpack test. Abnormal display, white spot, pooling issue may occur if low rigidity material is used. Solid structure design of system rear-cover may also influence the rigidity of system rear-cover. The deformation of system rear-cover should not caused interference.	
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## PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

16	Design Gap between System Front-cover & TOD LCD module surface	
	CF Pol. Bezel Tape Housing AA	
0.15 ≦ Gap A ≦ 0.20 mm		
Definition	<ul> <li>Gap A between system front-cover &amp; TOD LCD module surface is needed to prevent pooling or glass broken. Zero gap or interference such as burr and warpage from mold frame may cause pooling issue near system font-cover opening edge. This phenomenon is obvious during swing test, hinge test, knock test, or during pooling inspection procedure.</li> <li>To remain sufficient gap for first graph, design value for front-cover depth is recommended higher than module wing depth.</li> </ul>	

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In order to avoid the risk of bezel tape peeling, INX suggest not to attach any double tape on bezel tape; if necessary, the location of duuble tape attach must follow INX design guidance.

Definition	To achieve better touch sensibility, INX suggests to follow design value as			
	recommended, Recommended dimension is shown in above graph.			

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