



LM190E0A Liquid Crystal Display

Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

() Preliminary Specification
) Final Specification

TITLE

BUYER		SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
MODEL		MODEL	LM190E0A
		SUFFIX	SLE1

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

19.0" SXGA TFT LCD

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
/	
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②

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Record of Revisions

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Before	After	Application Date
0.0	May, 15, 2019	-	-	First Draft(Preliminary)	
0.1	August, 27, 2019	19	-	Update the spec. of color coordinates	
		24,25	-	Update the drawing	
1.0	Nov., 26, 2019	19	-	Update the spec. of color coordinates	
		24,25 27	-	Update the drawing Updated the International standards	
			-	Final Draft	
				That Brate	





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1. General Description

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

LM190E0A is a color active matrix liquid crystal display with a Light Emitting Diode(LED) backlight assembly without LED driver. The matrix employs a-Si thin film transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 19 inch diagonally measured active display area with SXGA resolution(1280 horizontal by 1024 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into red, green and blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 16.78 Million colors with A-FRC (Advanced Frame Rate Control). It has been designed to apply 8-bit 2port LVDS interface. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color are important.

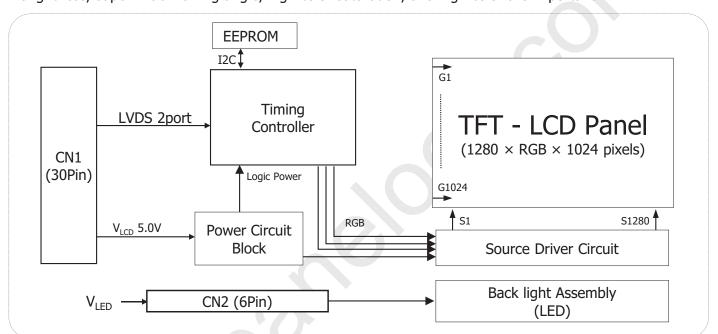


FIG.1 Block Diagram

General Features

<u>General i catales</u>	
Active Screen Size	19.0 inches(47.996 cm)(Aspect ratio 4:3)
Outline Dimension	396.0(H) x 324.0(V) x 9.9(D) mm(Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.2928(H) x 0.2928(V) mm
Pixel Format	1280(H) x 1024(V) Pixels. RGB stripes arrangement.
Color Depth	16.78 Million colors, 8 Bit(6 Bit + A-FRC)
Luminance, White	250 cd/m ² (Center 1Point, Typ.)
Viewing Angle(CR>10)	R/L 178° (Typ.), U/D 178° (Typ.)
Power Consumption	Total 8.28 Watt (Typ.)(2.15 Watt@ Mosaic_ V_{LCD} , 6.13 Watt@ Is = 57 mA)
Weight	1,460g (Typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black
Panel type	Forward type
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare treatment of the front polarizer(Haze25%, 3H)

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 2-1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Davamatav	Cymphol	Val	ues	Llaita	Notos	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Notes	
Power Supply Input Voltage	V_{LCD}	-0.3	+6.0	V_{DC}	At 25℃	
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	0	50	°C		
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	60	°C	1 2 2	
Operating Ambient Humidity	H _{OP}	10	90	%RH	1,2,3	
Storage Humidity	H _{ST}	10	90	%RH		
LCM Surface Temperature(Operation)	T _{surface}	0	65	°C	1,4	

Notes:

- 1) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max, and no condensation of water.
- 2) Maximum storage humidity is up to 40°C, 70% RH only for 4 corner light leakage mura.
- 3) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing condition. 4) LCM surface temperature should be measured under the condition of $V_{LCD} = Typ$, $f_V = 60Hz$, $T_a = 25 ^{\circ}C$, no humidity and typical LED string current.
- * f_V = Frame frequency
- * T_a = Ambient temperature

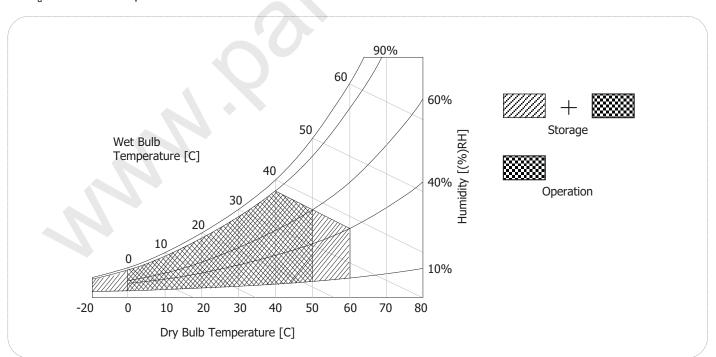


FIG.2 Temperature And Relative Humidity







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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other input power for the LED/Backlight, is typically generated by a LED Driver. The LED Driver is an external unit to the LCDs.

Table 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

Davameter	Cymbol		Values	Linit	Notos	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Module:						
Power Supply Input voltage	V _{LCD}	4.5	5.0	5.5	Vdc	4
Permissive Power Input Ripple	VRIPPLE	-		400	mVp-p	1
Dower Cumply Imput Current	ILCD Typ.	-	430	540	mA	
Power Supply Input Current	ILCD Max.	-	530	660	mA	2
Dower Consumption	PLCD Typ.	-	2.15	2.70	Watt	(Non-fix)
Power Consumption	PLCD Max.		2.65	3.3	Watt	
Rush Current	${ m I}_{ m RUSH}$	()-	_	3.0	А	3

Notes:

- 1) Permissive power ripple should be measured under the condition of V_{LCD} = Typ, $25\pm2\,^{\circ}$ C, f_{V} = Max. Refer to page 7 for the pattern and more information.
- 2) The specified current and power consumption can be measured under the V_{LCD} = Typ, $25\pm2\,^{\circ}$ C, f_V = 60Hz and the pattern should be changed according to the typical or maximum power condition. The max. current can be measured only with the maximum power pattern. See the page 7 for details.
- 3) Maximum condition of inrush current:
 - The duration of rush current is about 5ms and rising time of power input is 500us $\pm 20\%$.(Min).
- 4) V_{LCD} level must be measured between two points on PCB of LCM V_{LCD} (test point) ~ LCM Ground. (Test condition: Maximum power pattern, 25 °C, $f_V = 60$ Hz)

^{*} f_V = Frame frequency

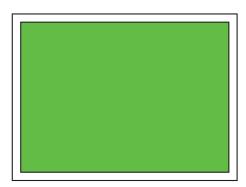




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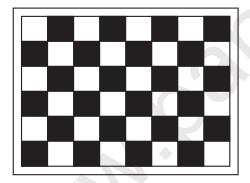
• Permissive Power Input Ripple(V_{LCD} = Typ, 25 °C, f_V(frame frequency) = Max condition)



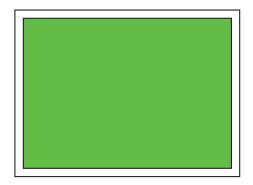
Full Green Pattern

For the exact ripple measurement, the condition of Max 20MHz is recommended in the bandwidth configuration of oscilloscope.

• **Power Consumption**($V_{LCD} = Typ, 25^{\circ}C, f_{V}(frame frequency) = 60Hz condition)$



Typical Power Pattern



Maximum Power Pattern

FIG.3-1 Mosaic Pattern & Full Green Pattern For Power Consumption Measurement





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Table 3-2. LED Bar Electrical Characteristics

Darameter	Cymbol		Values	Linit	Notos	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
LED String Current	Is	-	(57)	(62)	mA	1,2
LED String Voltage	Vs	(50.0)	(53.8)	(57.6)	V	1,3
Power Consumption	PBar	-	(6.1)	(6.6)	Watt	2,5
LED Life Time	LED_LT	30,000	-	-	Hrs	4

Note: The LED consists of 38 LED packages, 2 strings(parallel) x 19 packages(serial) x 1 bar

- 1) The specified values are for single LED bar.
- 2) The specified current is defined as the input current for single LED string with 100% duty cycle.
- 3) The specified voltage is the input LED string voltage at typical current 100% duty cycle.
 4) The LED life time is defined as the when brightness of LED itself reach to the 50% of initial value under
- The typical power consumption is calculated as $P_{bar} = V_s(Typ.) \times I_s(Typ.) \times No.$ of strings. The maximum power consumption is calculated as $P_{Bar} = V_s(Max.) \times I_s(Typ.) \times No.$ of strings.

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3-2. Interface Connections

3-2-1. LCD Module

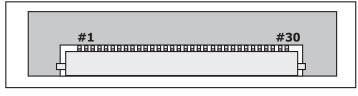
- LCD Connector(Receptacle): IS100-L300-C23(Manufactured by UJU)
- Mating Connector(Plug): FI-X30C2L(Manufactured by JAE) or equivalent

<u>Table 3-3. Module Connector(CN1) Pin Configuration</u>

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Symbol
1	RXO0-	Minus signal of odd channel 0(LVDS)	16	RXE1+	Plus signal of even channel 1(LVDS)
2	RXO0+	Plus signal of odd channel 0(LVDS)	17	GND	Ground
3	RXO1-	Minus signal of odd channel 1(LVDS)	18	RXE2-	Minus signal of even channel 2(LVDS)
4	RXO1+	Plus signal of odd channel 1(LVDS)	19	RXE2+	Plus signal of even channel 2(LVDS)
5	RXO2-	Minus signal of odd channel 2(LVDS)	20	RXEC-	Minus signal of even clock channel(LVDS)
6	RXO2+	Plus signal of odd channel 2(LVDS)	21	RXEC+	Plus signal of even clock channel(LVDS)
7	GND	Ground	22	RXE3-	Minus signal of even channel 3(LVDS)
8	RXOC-	Minus signal of odd clock channel(LVDS)	23	RXE3+	Plus signal of even channel 3(LVDS)
9	RXOC+	Plus signal of odd clock channel(LVDS)	24	GND	Ground
10	RXO3-	Minus signal of odd channel 3(LVDS)	25	NC	No Connection(I2C serial interface for LCM)
11	RXO3+	Plus signal of odd channel 3(LVDS)	26	NC	No Connection(I2C serial interface for LCM)
12	RXE0-	Minus signal of even channel 0(LVDS)	27	ITLC	Interlace image sticking reduction mode selection
13	RXE0+	Plus signal of even channel 0(LVDS)	28	V_{LCD}	Power Supply +5.0V
14	GND	Ground	29	V_{LCD}	Power Supply +5.0V
15	RXE1-	Minus signal of even channel 1(LVDS)	30	V_{LCD}	Power Supply +5.0V

- 1) All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame. 2) All V_{LCD} (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 3) All input level of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 standard.
- 4) ITLC is used for image sticking reduction in interlace mode.
 - (L: Normal mode, H: Interlace image sticking reduction mode) This pin should be connected to GND in normal mode.

(Low level Input Voltage : GND ~ 0.4V, High level Input Voltage : 1.6 ~ 3.6V)





IS100-L300-C23 Rear view of LCM

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Required signal assignment for flat link(TI:SN75LVDS83) transmitter

No	Pin Name	Required Signal	No	Pin Name	Required Signal
1	VCC	Power supply for TTL Input	29	GND	Ground pin for TTL
2	D5	TTL Input(R7)	30	D26	TTL Input(DE)
3	D6	TTL Input(R5)	31	Tx CLKIN	TTL Level clock Input
4	D7	TTL Input(G0)	32	PWR DWN	Power down Input
5	GND	Ground pin for TTL	33	PLL GND	Ground pin for PLL
6	D8	TTL Input(G1)	34	PLL VCC	Power supply for PLL
7	D9	TTL Input(G2)	35	PLL GND	Ground pin for PLL
8	D10	TTL Input(G6)	36	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS
9	VCC	Power supply for TTL Input	37	Tx OUT3+	Positive LVDS differential data output 3
10	D11	TTL Input(G7)	38	Tx OUT3 -	Negative LVDS differential data output 3
11	D12	TTL Input(G3)	39	Tx CLKOUT+	Positive LVDS differential clock output
12	D13	TTL Input(G4)	40	Tx CLKOUT -	Negative LVDS differential clock output
13	GND	Ground pin for TTL	41	Tx OUT2+	Positive LVDS differential data output 2
14	D14	TTL Input(G5)	42	Tx OUT2 -	Negative LVDS differential data output 2
15	D15	TTL Input(B0)	43	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS
16	D16	TTL Input(B6)	44	LVDS VCC	Power supply for LVDS
17	VCC	Power supply for TTL Input	45	Tx OUT1+	Positive LVDS differential data output 1
18	D17	TTL Input(B7)	46	Tx OUT1 -	Negative LVDS differential data output 1
19	D18	TTL Input(B1)	47	Tx OUT0+	Positive LVDS differential data output 0
20	D19	TTL Input(B2)	48	Tx OUT0 -	Negative LVDS differential data output 0
21	GND	Ground pin for TTL Input	49	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS
22	D20	TTL Input(B3)	50	D27	TTL Input(R6)
23	D21	TTL Input(B4)	51	D0	TTL Input(R0)
24	D22	TTL Input(B5)	52	D1	TTL Input(R1)
25	D23	TTL Input(RSVD)	53	GND	Ground pin for TTL
26	VCC	Power supply for TTL Input	54	D2	TTL Input(R2)
27	D24	TTL Input(HSYNC)	55	D3	TTL Input(R3)
28	D25	TTL Input(VSYNC)	56	D4	TTL Input(R4)

Notes:

Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail description.
 7 means MSB and 0 means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

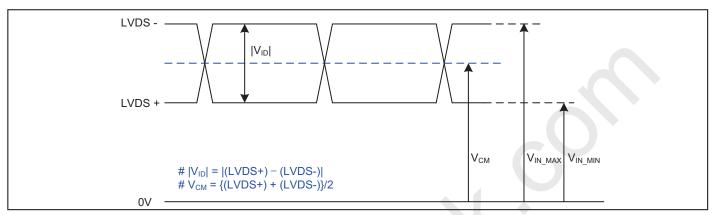




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3-2-2. LVDS Signal Specifications

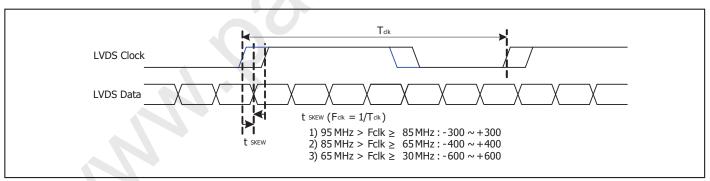
1. DC Specification



Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential voltage	$ V_{ID} $	150	600	mV	
LVDS Common mode voltage	V_{CM}	1.0	1.5	V	
LVDS Input voltage range	V_{IN}	0.7	1.8	V	
Change in common mode voltage	ΔVCM	-	250	mV	

Notes: Does not have any Noise & Peaking in LVDS Signal.

2. AC Specification



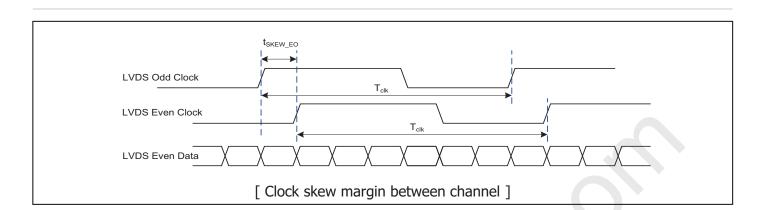
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
	t _{SKEW}	- 300	+ 300	ps	95MHz > Fclk ≥ 85MHz
LVDS Clock to data skew margin	t _{SKEW}	- 400	+ 400	ps	85MHz > Fclk ≥ 65MHz
	t _{SKEW}	- 600	+ 600	ps	65MHz > Fclk ≥ 30MHz
LVDS Clock to clock skew margin(Even to odd)	t _{SKEW_EO}	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T _{clk}	-



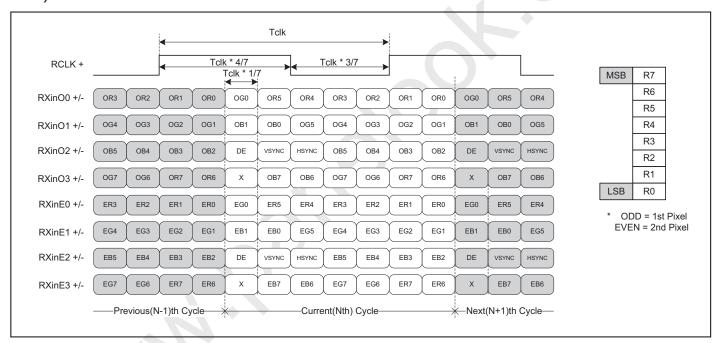


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3. Data Format 1) LVDS 2 Port







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3-2-3. Backlight Connector Pin Configuration

The LED interface connector is a 10035HR-H06D manufactured by YEONHO.

The mating connector is a 10035HS-H06C, SHJP-06V-S(HF) or equivalent.

The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

Table 3-4. LED Connector Pin Configuration

Pin	Symbol	Description
1	FB1	Channel1 Current Feedback
2	NC	NC
3	VLED	LED Power Supply
4	VLED	LED Power Supply
5	NC	NC
6	FB2	Channel2 Current Feedback

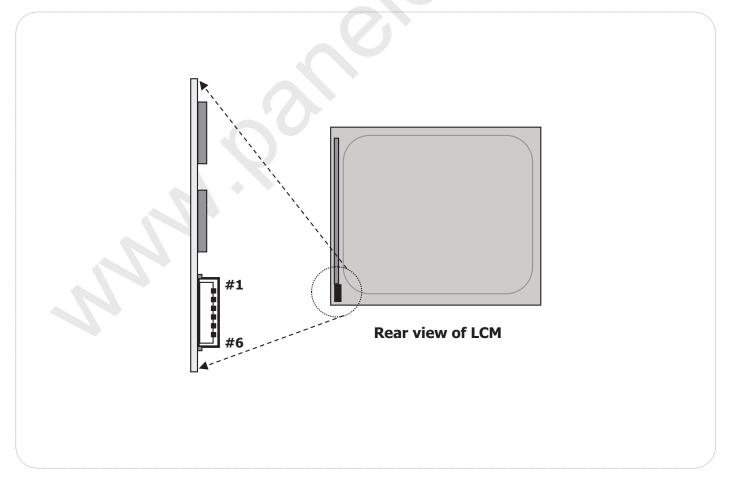


FIG.3-2 Backlight Connector View

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3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing requirement from the signal transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Table 3-5. Timing Table

Item	Symbol	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
	Period	tCLK	14.8	18.5	22.2	ns	Pixel frequency
DCLK	Frequency	fCLK	45.0	54.0	67.5	MHz	: Typ.108MHz
	Period	tHP	704	844	960	tCLK	
	Horizontal Valid	tHV	640	640	640	tCLK	
	Horizontal Blank	tHB	64	204	320	tCLK	
Hsync	Frequency	fH	53.3	64.0	82.1	kHz	1,3,4
	Width	tWH	16	56	80	tCLK	
	Horizontal Back Porch	tHBP	32	124	200	tCLK	
	Horizontal Front Porch	tHFP	16	24	40	tCLK	
	Period	tVP	1032	1066	1536	tHP	
	Vertical Valid	tVV	1024	1024	1024	tHP	
	Vertical Blank	tVB	8	42	512	tHP	
Vsync	Frequency	fV	50	60	75	Hz	2,4
	Width	tWV	2	3	250	tHP	
	Vertical Back Porch	tVBP	5	38	250	tHP	
	Vertical Front Porch	tVFP	1	1	12	tHP	

Notes:

- 1) The value of Hsync Period, Hsync Width and Hsync valid should be even number times of tCLK. If the value is odd number times of tCLK, it can make asynchronous signal timing and cause abnormal display.
- 2) The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rates.
- 3) The value of Hsync Period, Hsync Width, and Horizontal Back Porch should be divided by 4 without a remainder.
- 4) The polarity of Hsync, Vsync is not restricted.



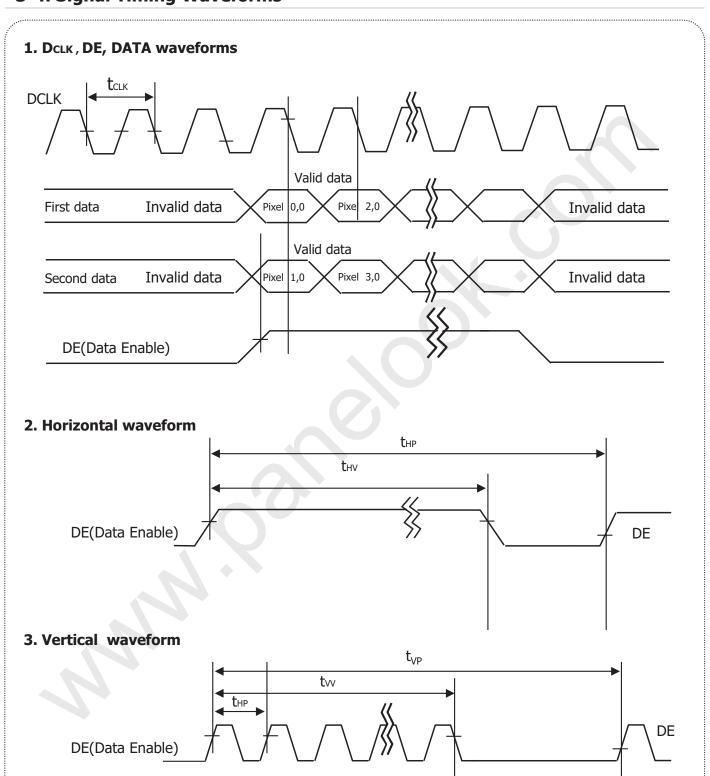




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3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms







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3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(Red,Green,Blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color.

The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 3-6. Color Data Reference

											I	npu	t Co	olor	Data	a									
	Color				RE	ΕD							GRE	EEN							BL	UE			
	COIOI	MS	В					L	SB	MS	В					L	SB	MS	В					L	SB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	B5	B4	В3	B2	В1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																									
	RED (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																									
	GREEN (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																									
	BLUE (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1





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3-6. Power Sequence

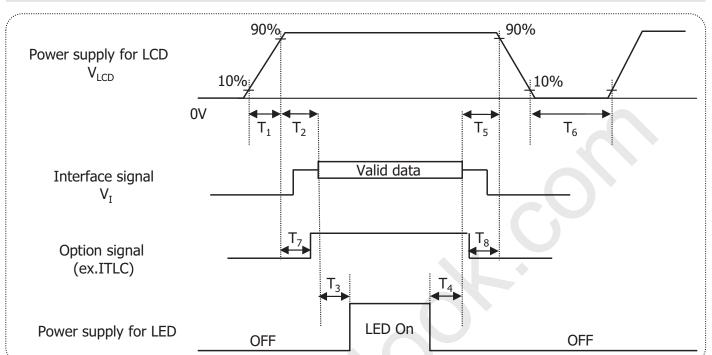


Table 3-7. Power Sequence

Parameter		Units		
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
T_1	0.5	-	10	ms
T ₂	0.01	-	50	ms
T_3	500	-	-	ms
T ₄	200	-	-	ms
T ₅	0.01	-	50	ms
T ₆	1000	-	-	ms
T ₇	0.5	-	T2	ms
T ₈	0	-	-	ms

Notes:

- 1) Power sequence should be kept all the time including below cases for normal operation.
 - AC/DC Power On/Off
 - Mode change (resolution, frequency, timing, sleep mode, color depth change, etc.) The violation of power sequence can cause a significant trouble in display and reliability.

- Please avoid floating state of interface signal during signal invalid period.
 When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the V_{LCD}.(0V)
 Please turn off the power supply for LED when the level of V_{LCD} changes to prevent noise issue.
 When measuring valid data starting point, it can be measured that LVDS signal starts swing.







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3-7. Power Dip Condition

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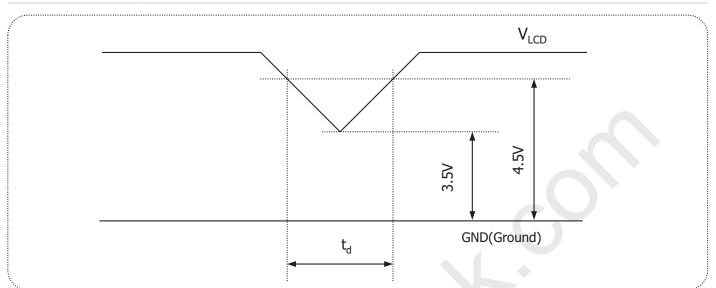


FIG.3-3 Power Dip Condition

For proper operation, stable power supply of V_{LCD} is necessary and power dip is allowed only in below condition. Except this condition, power on/off should follow power sequence specification exactly.

1) Dip Condition $3.5 \le V_{LCD} < 4.5V$, $t_{d} \le 20ms$





Product Specification

4. Optical Specifications

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Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25±2°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0° and aperture 1 degree. FIG.4-1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

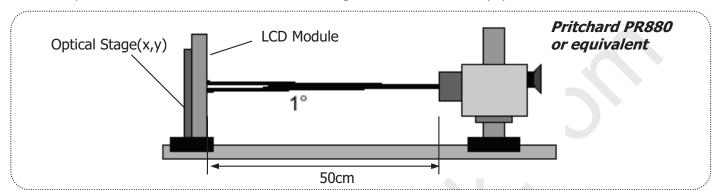


FIG.4-1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment And Method

Table 4-1. Optical Characteristics

Tubic 4 II Optical	CHALACTELISTICS		(1 _a =	$V_{LCD} = 25 \text{ C}$	= Typ, $t_V = 60$	Hz, DCLK=Ty	$p, I_S = Iyp$	
Рамам	a a tau	Cumahal		Values		Linita	Notos	
Param	ieter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes	
Contrast Ratio		CR	700	1000	-		1	
Surface Luminance,	white	L _{WH}	200	250	-	cd/m ²	2	
Luminance Variation	ı	δ white	75	-	-	%	3	
Response Time	Gray to Gray	T _{GTG_AVR}	-	14	28	ms	4	
Color Gamut (CIE 1	931)	-	-	72	-	%		
	D.A	Rx		0.660				
	Red	Ry		0.332	Typ +0.03			
		Gx		0.330				
Color Coordinates [CIE 1931]	Green	Gy	Тур	0.615				
(By PR650)	Dive	Bx	-0.03	0.150				
	Blue	Ву		0.060				
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Wx		0.313				
	White	Wy		0.329				
Color Temperature		-	-	6500	_	K		
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_{H}	170	178	_	Danuas	_	
(CR>10, General)	Vertical	$\theta_{\sf V}$	170	178	-	Degree	5	
Gray Scale		-		2.2			6	

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Notes:

1) Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as: (By PR880) It is measured at center point(1)

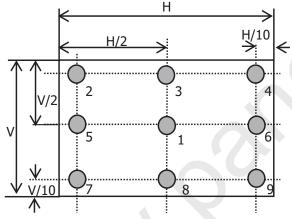
- 2) Surface Luminance(LwH) is the luminance value at center 1 point(1) across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG.4-1. (By PR880)
- 3) The Variation in Surface Luminance , δ _{WHITE} is defined as: **(By PR880)**

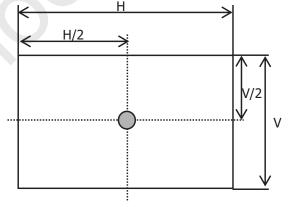
$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Minimum(LP1,LP2,, LP9)}}{\text{Maximum(LP1,LP2,, LP9)}} \times 100(\%)$$

Where L1 to L9 are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 9 locations. For more information see FIG.4-2.

<Measuring Point For Luminance Variation>

<Measuring Point For Surface Luminance>





@ H,V: Active Area

FIG.4-2 Measure Point for Luminance







Product Specification

Notes:

- 4) The Gray To Gray Response Time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray To Gray ". (By RD805)
 - Gray step: 5 Step

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

- $T_{GTG\ AVR}$ is the total average time at rising time and falling time for "Gray To Gray ". For the GTG measurement, the sampling rate of oscilloscope is 500k/s.

Table 4-2. GTG Gray

Gray to Gray		Rising Time									
Gray to G	Gray to Gray		G191	G127	G63	G0					
	G255										
	G191										
Falling Time	G127				\						
	G63										
	G0										

Response Time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

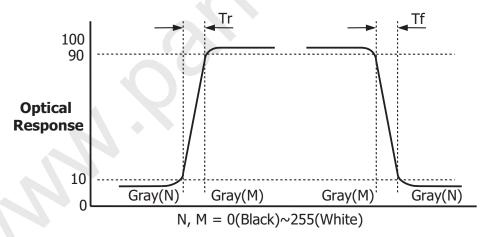


FIG.4-3 Response Time





Product Specification

Notes:

5) **Viewing Angle** is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG.4-4. (By PR880)

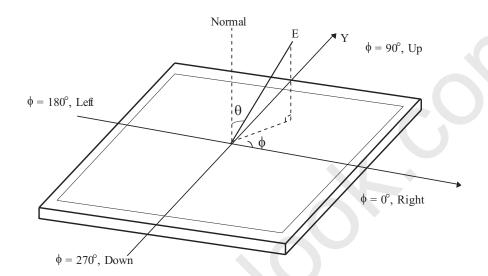


FIG.4-4 Viewing Angle

6) **Gamma Value** is approximately 2.2. For more information see below table.

Table 4-3. Gray Scale Specification

Gray Level	Relative Luminance [%](Typ)
0	0.1
15	0.3
31	1.08
47	2.5
63	4.72
79	7.7
95	11.49
111	16.2
127	21.66
143	28.2
159	35.45
175	43.8
191	53.0
207	63.3
223	74.48
239	86.8
255	100

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Product Specification

5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	396.0 mm					
Outline Dimension	Vertical	324.0 mm					
	Depth	9.9 mm					
Bezel Area	Horizontal	378.8 mm					
bezei Alea	Vertical	303.0 mm					
Active Dieplay Area	Horizontal	374.784 mm					
Active Display Area	Vertical	299.827 mm					
Weight	Typ: 1,460 g , Max: 1,535 g	*					
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare treatment of the front p	oolarizer(Haze25%, 3H)					

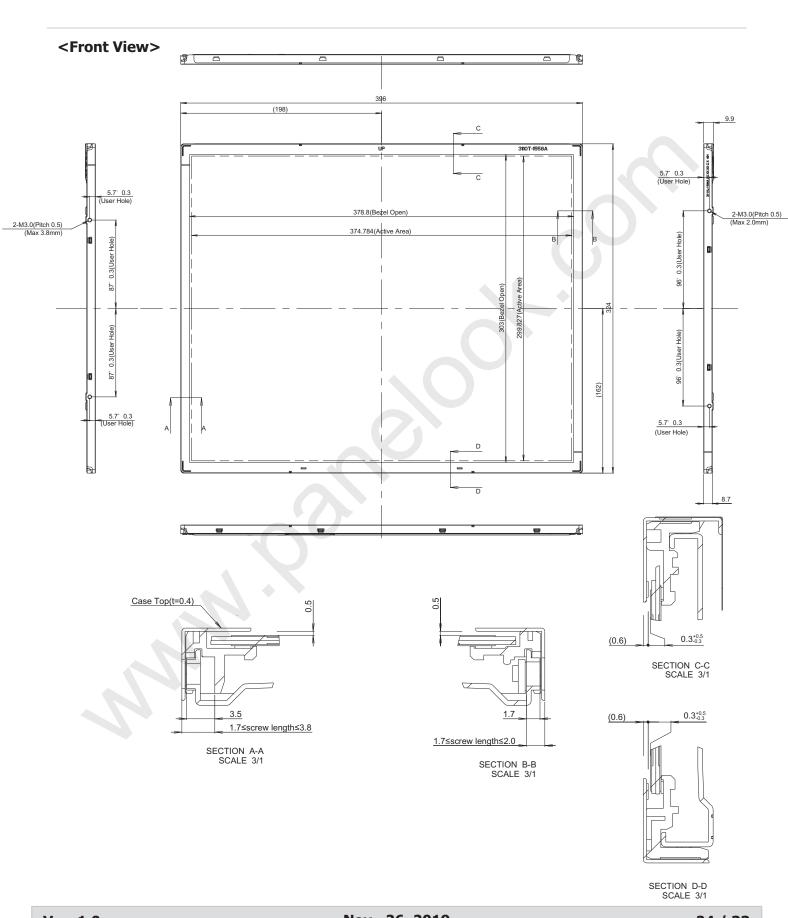
Note: Please refer to a mechanical drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

<sup>Outline dimensions (horizontal, vertical and outside depth) are measured by using vernier calipers.
The inside depth dimensions are measured by using height gauge, when LCM is put face down onto a</sup> flat surface.





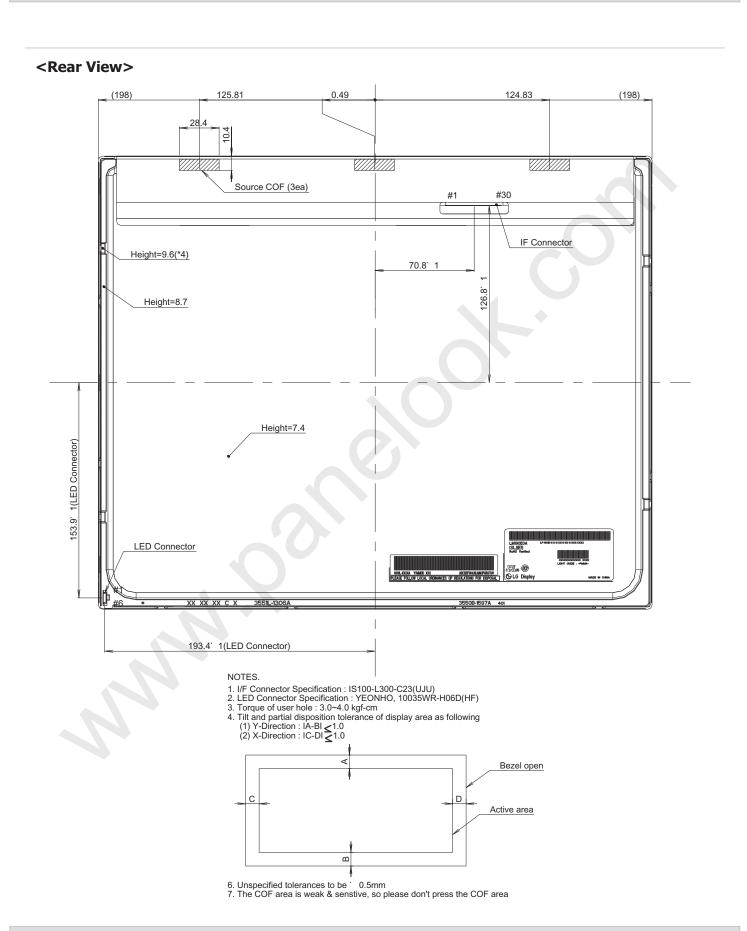
Product Specification







Product Specification







Product Specification

6. Reliability

Environment test condition

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

No	Test Item	Condition	Notes
1	High temperature storage test	$T_a = 60^{\circ}C$, 240h	1
2	Low temperature storage test	T _a = -20℃, 240h	1
3	High temperature operation test	T _a = 50℃, 50%RH, 240h	1
4	Low temperature operation test	$T_a = 0^{\circ}C$, 240h	1
5	Humidity condition operation	T _a = 40℃, 90%RH	1
6	Vibration test (non-operating)	Waveform: Random Vibration level: 1.0Grms Bandwidth: 10-300Hz Duration: X,Y,Z, 10min One time each direction	
7	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 100G Waveform : Half sine wave, 2ms Direction : $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ One time each direction	
8	Altitude Operating Storage / Shipment	0 - 16,400 feet (5,000m) 0 - 40,000 feet (12,192m)	
9	Maximum storage humidity for 4 corner light leakage Mura	Max 70%RH, T _a = 40℃	

Note 1) Result Evaluation Criteria:

TFT-LCD panels test should take place after cooling enough at room temperature. In the standard condition, there should be no particular problems that may affect the display function.

^{*} T_a= Ambient Temperature





Product Specification

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) IEC 62368-1, The International Electro-technical Commission(IEC).

 Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment Safety Safety Requirements.
- b) EN 62368-1, European Committee for Electro-technical Standardization (CENELEC)

 Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment Safety Requirements
- c) UL 62368-1, UL LLC.
 - Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment Safety Requirements
- d) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.62368-1, Canadian Standards Association (CSA).

 Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment Safety Requirements
- e) IEC 60950-1, The International Electro technical Commission (IEC). Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements

7-2. Environment

a) RoHS, Commission Delegated Directive (EU) 2015/863 of 31 March 2015 amending Annex II to Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council





Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

A B C D E F G H I J K L

A,B,C: Size(Inch)

E: Month

D: Year

F ~ M: Serial No.

Notes:

1) Year

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Mark	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	J	K

2) Month

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module.

This is subject to change without prior notice.





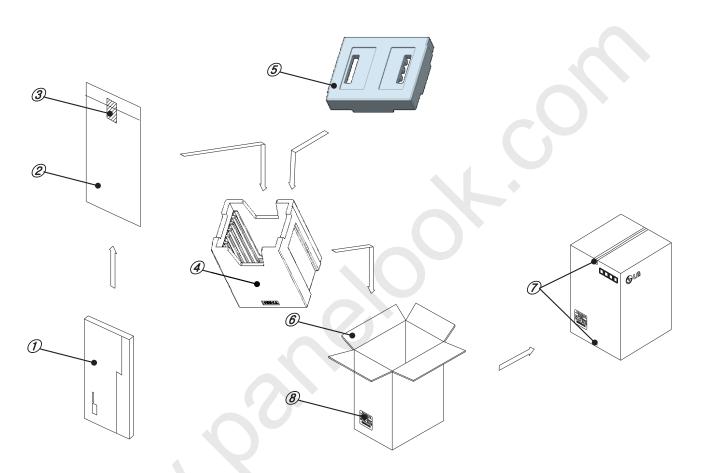
Product Specification

8-2. Packing Form

a) LCM Quantity In One Box: 14 ea (2 Module is packed in 1 AL Bag) LCM Quantity In One Pallet: 168 ea

b) Box Size: 365 mm x 418 mm x 492 mm

c) Pallet ASS'Y Size: 1140 mm x 870 mm x 1112 mm

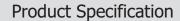


NO.	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL				
1	LCM					
2	BAG	AL				
3	TAPE	OPP				
4	PACKING, BOTTOM	EPS				
5	PACKING, TOP	EPS				
6	вох	PAPER, SW				
7	TAPE	OPP				
8	LABEL	ART				

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9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- 1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in rear side.
- 2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force(ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- 3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- 4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- 5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- 6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- 7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- 8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- 9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.
- 10) System frame should not have an interference with panel which can cause LC Leakage/Panel Crack due to the contraction of system frame at low temperature condition or panel damage by any other circumstances.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- 1) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- 2) Brightness depends on the temperature.(In higher temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- 3) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- 4) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- 5) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- 6) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- 7) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw.(if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- 8) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- 9) When LCMs are used for public display, defects such as Yogore & image sticking can not be guaranteed.
- 10) LCMs cannot support "Interlaced Scan Method"
- 11) When this forward model is used as a reverse-type model (PCB on bottom side) or a Portraittype mode at storage and operation, LGD can not guarantee any defects of LCM.
- 12) Please conduct image sticking test after 2-hour aging with Rolling Pattern at normal temperature.($25\sim40^{\circ}$ C)





LM190E0A Liquid Crystal Display

Product Specification

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions For Strong Light and Hazardous Materials Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

The LCM should be avoided direct contact with hazardous materials such as sulfur, acetic acid, chlorine, etc. These materials may cause chemical reaction such as sulfurization, corrosion, discoloration, etc.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- 1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5° and 35° at normal humidity.
- The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions For Protection Film

- 1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- 2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- 3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.