



Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

() Preliminary Specification() Final Specification

TITLE	27.0" FHD TFT LCD

BUYER	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
MODEL	LM270WFA
SUFFIX	SSA1

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

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Record of Revisions

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Before	After	Application Date
0.0	Jan. 29. 20120	-	-	First Draft(Preliminary)	
				20	
				*	
			20		

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1. General Description

LM270WFA is a color active matrix liquid crystal display with Advanced In-cell Touch system. The matrix employs a-Si thin film transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 27 inch diagonally measured active display area with FHD resolution(1920 horizontal by 1080 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into red, green and blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 16.78 Million colors with A-FRC (Advanced Frame Rate Control). It has been designed to apply 8-bit 2port LVDS interface. It is intended to support displays where thin thickness, wide viewing angle and touch function are important.

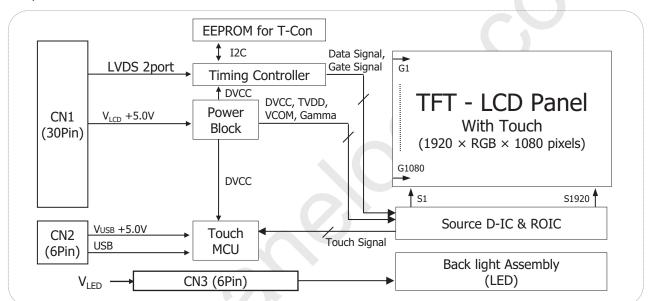


FIG.1 Block Diagram

General Features

A 1: C C:	27: 1 (60.50)(4 1 1: 16.0)		
Active Screen Size	27 inches (68.59cm)(Aspect ratio 16:9)		
Outline Dimension	607.1(H) x 354.1(V) x 12.1(D) mm(Typ.)		
Pixel Pitch	0.3114(H) x 0.3114(V) mm		
Pixel Format	1920(H) x 1080(V) Pixels. RGB stripes arrangement.		
Color Depth	16.78 Million colors, 8 Bit (6 Bit + A-FRC)		
Luminance, White	300 cd/m²(Center 1Point, Typ.)		
Viewing Angle(CR>10)	R/L 178° (Typ.), U/D 178° (Typ.)		
Power Consumption	Total 2.66 Watt (Typ.) (18.06 Watt@ Mosaic_ V_{LCD} , 15.4 Watt@ Is = 85 mA)		
Weight	3140 g (Typ.)		
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black		
Panel type	Reverse type		
Surface Treatment	Glare treatment of the front polarizer (3H)		

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the

Table 2-1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Davamatav	Cumphal	Va	lues	Llaita	Natas	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Notes	
Power Supply Input Voltage	V_{LCD}	-0.3	+6.0	V_{DC}	At 25 ℃	
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	0	50	°C		
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	60	C	1 2 2	
Operating Ambient Humidity	H _{OP}	10	90	%RH	1,2,3	
Storage Humidity	H _{ST}	10	90	%RH		
LCM Surface Temperature(Operation)	T _{surface}	0	65	°C	1,4	

Notes:

- 1) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39 ℃ Max, and no condensation of water.
- 2) Maximum storage humidity is up to 40°C, 70% RH only for 4 corner light leakage mura. 3) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing condition.
- 4) LCM surface temperature should be measured under the condition of V_{LCD} = Typ, f_V = 60Hz, T_a = 25 °C, no humidity and typical LED string current.
- * f_V = Frame frequency
- T_a = Ambient temperature

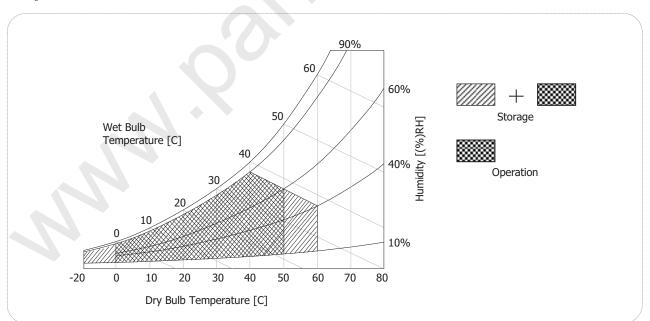


FIG.2 Temperature And Relative Humidity





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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other input power for the LED/Backlight, is typically generated by a LED Driver. The LED Driver is an external unit to the LCDs.

Table 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

Dawasakan	Currele el	Values			l lait	Nistra	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes	
Module:							
Dower Cumply Input voltage	V _{LCD}	4.5	5.0	5.5	Vdc	4	
Power Supply Input voltage	Vusb	4.5	5.0	5.5	Vdc		
Permissive Power Input Ripple	VRIPPLE	-		400	mVp-p	1	
Dower Cumply Input Current	ILCD Typ.	-	531	664	mA		
Power Supply Input Current	ILCD Max.	-	645	807	mA	2	
Power Concumption	PLCD Typ.	-	2.66	3.32	Watt	2	
Power Consumption	PLCD Max.		3.23	4.03	Watt		
Rush Current	Irush		-	3	Α	3	

Notes:

- 1) Permissive power ripple should be measured under the condition of V_{LCD} = Typ, $25\pm2\,^{\circ}$ C, f_{V} = Max. Refer to page 7 for the pattern and more information.
- 2) The specified current and power consumption can be measured under the V_{LCD} = Typ, $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C, f_V = 60Hz and the pattern should be changed according to the typical or maximum power condition. The max. current can be measured only with the maximum power pattern. See the page 7 for details.
- 3) Maximum condition of inrush current:

 The duration of rush current is about 5ms and rising time of p
- The duration of rush current is about 5ms and rising time of power input is 500us $\pm 20\%$.(Min).
- 4) V_{LCD} level must be measured between two points on PCB of LCM V_{LCD} (test point) ~ LCM Ground. (Test condition: Maximum power pattern, 25 °C, $f_V = 60$ Hz)

^{*} f_V = Frame frequency





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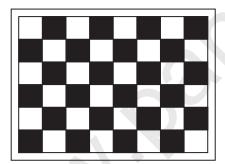
• Permissive Power Input Ripple($V_{LCD} = Typ, 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$, $f_V(frame \text{ frequency}) = Max \text{ condition}$)



Full Green Pattern

For the exact ripple measurement, the condition of Max 20MHz is recommended in the bandwidth configuration of oscilloscope.

• **Power Consumption**($V_{LCD} = Typ, 25^{\circ}C, f_{V}(frame frequency) = 60Hz condition)$



Typical Power Pattern



Maximum Power Pattern

FIG.3-1 Mosaic Pattern & Full Green Pattern For Power Consumption Measurement





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Table 3-2. LED Bar Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Cymbol		Values	Unit	Notes	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Notes
LED String Current	Is	-	85	90	mA	1,2
LED String Voltage	Vs	42.08	45.28	48.48	V	1,3
Power Consumption	PBar	-	15.40	16.48	Watt	2,5
LED Life Time	LED_LT	30,000	-	-	Hrs	4

Note: The LED consists of 64LED packages, 4 strings(parallel) x 16 packages(serial) x 1 bar

Notes:

1) The specified values are for single LED bar.

2) The specified current is defined as the input current for single LED string with 100% duty cycle.

3) The specified voltage is the input LED string voltage at typical current 100% duty cycle.
4) The LED life time is defined as the when brightness of LED itself reach to the 50% of initial value under the conditions at $T_a = 25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$ and typical LED string current. 5) The power consumption shown above does not include the loss of external LED driver.

The typical power consumption is calculated as $P_{bar} = V_s(Typ.) \times I_s(Typ.) \times No.$ of strings. The maximum power consumption is calculated as $PBar = Vs(Max.) \times Is(Typ.) \times No.$ of strings.

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3-2. Interface Connections

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(Receptacle): IS100-L300-C23(Manufactured by UJU)
- Mating Connector(Plug): FI-X30C2L(Manufactured by JAE) or equivalent

Table 3-3. Module Connector(CN1) Pin Configuration

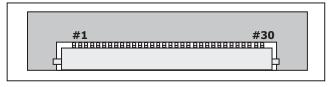
No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Symbol
1	RXO0-	Minus signal of odd channel 0(LVDS)	16	RXE1+	Plus signal of even channel 1(LVDS)
2	RXO0+	Plus signal of odd channel 0(LVDS)	17	GND	Ground
3	RXO1-	Minus signal of odd channel 1(LVDS)	18	RXE2-	Minus signal of even channel 2(LVDS)
4	RXO1+	Plus signal of odd channel 1(LVDS)	19	RXE2+	Plus signal of even channel 2(LVDS)
5	RXO2-	Minus signal of odd channel 2(LVDS)	20	RXEC-	Minus signal of even clock channel(LVDS)
6	RXO2+	Plus signal of odd channel 2(LVDS)	21	RXEC+	Plus signal of even clock channel(LVDS)
7	GND	Ground	22	RXE3-	Minus signal of even channel 3(LVDS)
8	RXOC-	Minus signal of odd clock channel(LVDS)	23	RXE3+	Plus signal of even channel 3(LVDS)
9	RXOC+	Plus signal of odd clock channel(LVDS)	24	GND	Ground
10	RXO3-	Minus signal of odd channel 3(LVDS)	25	NC	No Connection(I2C serial interface for LCM)
11	RXO3+	Plus signal of odd channel 3(LVDS)	26	NC	No Connection(I2C serial interface for LCM)
12	RXE0-	Minus signal of even channel O(LVDS)	27	ITLC	Interlace image sticking reduction mode selection
13	RXE0+	Plus signal of even channel 0(LVDS)	28	V_{LCD}	Power Supply +5.0V
14	GND	Ground	29	V_{LCD}	Power Supply +5.0V
15	RXE1-	Minus signal of even channel 1(LVDS)	30	V_{LCD}	Power Supply +5.0V

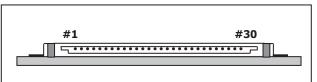
Notes:

- 1) All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.
- 2) All V_{LCD}(power input) pins should be connected together.
 3) All input level of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 standard.
- 4) ITLC is used for image sticking reduction in interlace mode.

 (L: Normal mode, H: Interlace image sticking reduction mode)

This pin should be connected to GND in normal mode.
(Low level Input Voltage : GND ~ 0.4V, High level Input Voltage : 1.6 ~ 3.6V)





IS100-L300-C23 Rear view of LCM

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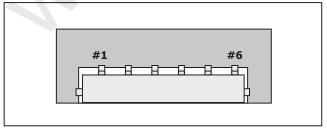
- LCD Connector(Receptacle): DF14A-6P-1.25H(HIROSE)
- Mating Connector(Plug): DF14-6S-1.25C (Manufactured by HIROSE) or equivalent

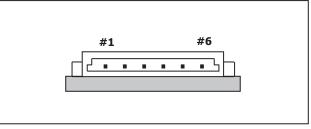
Table 3-3-1. Module Connector(CN2) Pin Configuration

No	Symbol	Description
1	VUSB	Power for USB interface (+5V)
2	USB -	USB Data (-) for Touch
3	USB +	USB Data (+) for Touch
4	GND	Ground
5	GND	Ground
6	GND	Ground

LGD Highly recommendation:

Please recommend that you must shield the USB cable.





DF14A-6P-1.25H Rear view of LCM

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Required signal assignment for flat link(TI:SN75LVDS83) transmitter

No	Pin Name	Required Signal	No	Pin Name	Required Signal				
1	VCC	Power supply for TTL Input	29	GND	Ground pin for TTL				
2	D5	TTL Input(R7)	30	D26	TTL Input(DE)				
3	D6	TTL Input(R5)	31	Tx CLKIN	TTL Level clock Input				
4	D7	TTL Input(G0)	32	PWR DWN	Power down Input				
5	GND	Ground pin for TTL	33	PLL GND	Ground pin for PLL				
6	D8	TTL Input(G1)	34	PLL VCC	Power supply for PLL				
7	D9	TTL Input(G2)	35	PLL GND	Ground pin for PLL				
8	D10	TTL Input(G6)	36	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS				
9	VCC	Power supply for TTL Input	37	Tx OUT3+	Positive LVDS differential data output 3				
10	D11	TTL Input(G7)	38	Tx OUT3 -	Negative LVDS differential data output 3				
11	D12	TTL Input(G3)	39	Tx CLKOUT+	Positive LVDS differential clock output				
12	D13	TTL Input(G4)	40	Tx CLKOUT -	Negative LVDS differential clock output				
13	GND	Ground pin for TTL	41	Tx OUT2+	Positive LVDS differential data output 2				
14	D14	TTL Input(G5)	42	Tx OUT2 -	Negative LVDS differential data output 2				
15	D15	TTL Input(B0)	43	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS				
16	D16	TTL Input(B6)	44	LVDS VCC	Power supply for LVDS				
17	VCC	Power supply for TTL Input	45	Tx OUT1+	Positive LVDS differential data output 1				
18	D17	TTL Input(B7)	46	Tx OUT1 -	Negative LVDS differential data output 1				
19	D18	TTL Input(B1)	47	Tx OUT0 +	Positive LVDS differential data output 0				
20	D19	TTL Input(B2)	48	Tx OUT0 -	Negative LVDS differential data output 0				
21	GND	Ground pin for TTL Input	49	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS				
22	D20	TTL Input(B3)	50	D27	TTL Input(R6)				
23	D21	TTL Input(B4)	51	D0	TTL Input(R0)				
24	D22	TTL Input(B5)	52	D1	TTL Input(R1)				
25	D23	TTL Input(RSVD)	53	GND	Ground pin for TTL				
26	VCC	Power supply for TTL Input	54	D2	TTL Input(R2)				
27	D24	TTL Input(HSYNC)	55	D3	TTL Input(R3)				
28	D25	TTL Input(VSYNC)	56	D4	TTL Input(R4)				

1) Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail description.
2) 7 means MSB and 0 means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

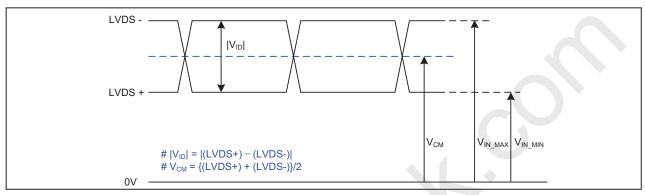




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3-2-2. LVDS Signal Specifications

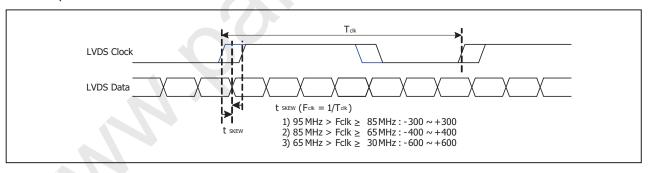
1. DC Specification



Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential voltage	$ V_{ID} $	150	600	mV	
LVDS Common mode voltage	V_{CM}	1.0	1.5	V	
LVDS Input voltage range	V_{IN}	0.7	1.8	V	
Change in common mode voltage	ΔVCM	_	250	mV	

Notes: Does not have any Noise & Peaking in LVDS Signal.

2. AC Specification

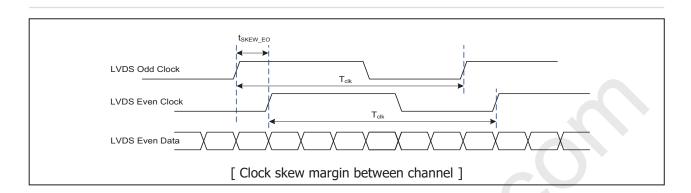


Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
	t _{SKEW}	- 300	+ 300	ps	95MHz > Fclk ≥ 85MHz
LVDS Clock to data skew margin	t _{SKEW}	- 400	+ 400	ps	85MHz > Fclk ≥ 65MHz
	t _{SKEW}	- 600	+ 600	ps	65MHz > Fclk ≥ 30MHz
LVDS Clock to clock skew margin(Even to odd)	t _{SKEW_EO}	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T _{clk}	-

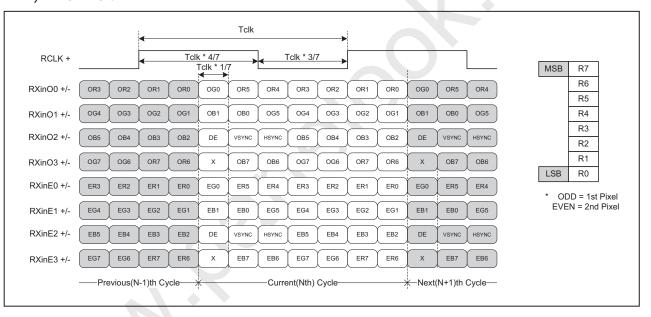




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3. Data Format 1) LVDS 2 Port







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3-2-3. Backlight Connector Pin Configuration

The LED interface connector is a BM06B-SHJS(HF) manufactured by JST.

The mating connector is a SHJP-06V-S(HF) or equivalent.

The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

<u>Table 3-4. LED Connector(CN3) Pin Configuration</u>

Pin	Symbol	Pin-description	Notes
1	FB1	Channel 1 current feedback	
2	FB2	Channel 2 current feedback	
3	V_{LED}	LED power supply	CNIT
4	V_{LED}	(Common Anode)	CNT A
5	FB3	Channel 3 current feedback	
6	FB4	Channel 4 current feedback	

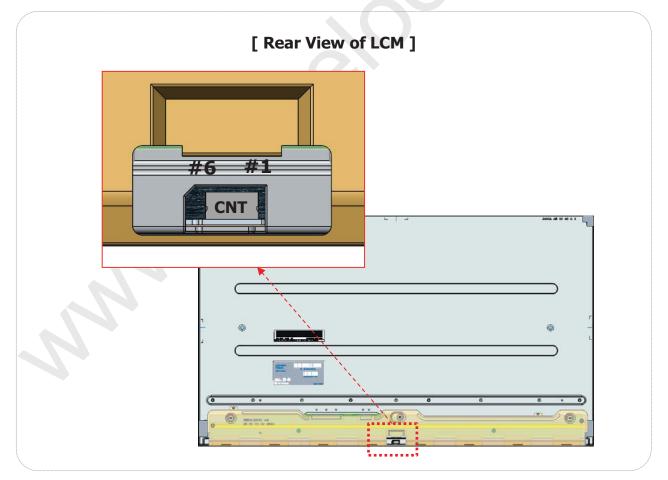


FIG.3-2 Backlight Connector View

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3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing requirement from the signal transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Table 3-5. Timing Table

Item	Symbol	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes	
DCLIV	Period	tCLK	11.1	13.89	16.7	ns	Pixel frequency	
DCLK Hsync	Frequency	fCLK	60	72	90	MHz	(Typ. 144 MHz)	
	Period	tHP	1024	1088	1120	tCLK		
	Horizontal Valid	tHV	960	960	960	tCLK		
	Horizontal Blank	tHB	64	128	160	tCLK		
Hsync	Frequency	fH	64	66	83	kHz	1,3,4	
	Width	tWH	16	32	48	tCLK		
	Horizontal Back Porch	tHBP	32	48 64 t		tCLK		
	Horizontal Front Porch	tHFP	16	48	48	tCLK		
	Period	tVP	1090	1100	1160	tHP		
	Vertical Valid	tVV	1080	1080	1080	tHP		
	Vertical Blank	tVB	10	20	80	tHP		
Vsync	Frequency	fV	50	60	75	Hz	2,4	
	Width	tWV	2	4	16	tHP		
	Vertical Back Porch	tVBP	5	8	32	tHP		
	Vertical Front Porch	tVFP	3	8	32	tHP		

Notes:

- 1) The value of Hsync Period, Hsync Width and Hsync valid should be even number times of tCLK. If the value is odd number times of tCLK, it can make asynchronous signal timing and cause abnormal display.

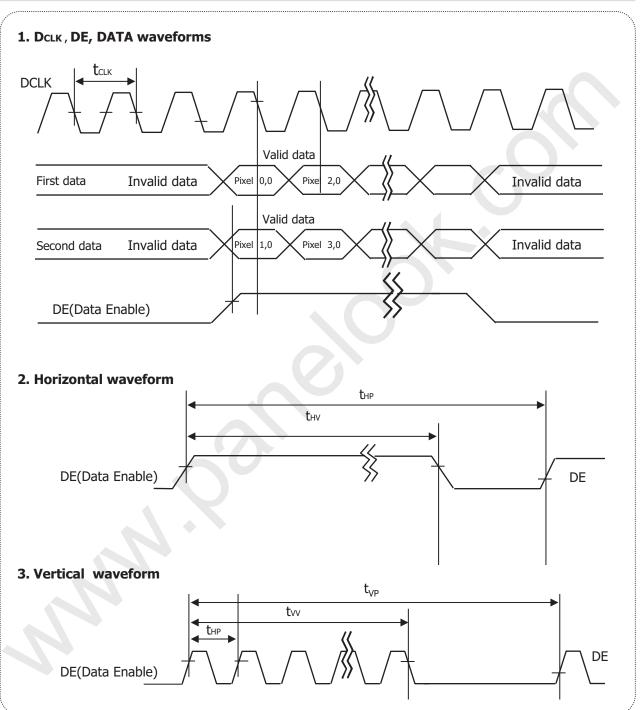
 2) The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh
- rates.
- 3) The value of Hsync Period, Hsync Width, and Horizontal Back Porch should be divided by 4 without a
- 4) The polarity of Hsync, Vsync is not restricted.





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3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms



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3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(Red,Green,Blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color.

The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 3-6. Color Data Reference

											I	npu	t Co	olor	Dat	a									
	Color				RE	ΞD							GRE	EEN							BL	UE			
	COIOI	MS	В					L	.SB	MS	В					L	SB	MS	В					L	SB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	В5	B4	В3	B2	В1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED					.,																				
	RED (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																									
	GREEN (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																									
	BLUE (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

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3-6. Power Sequence

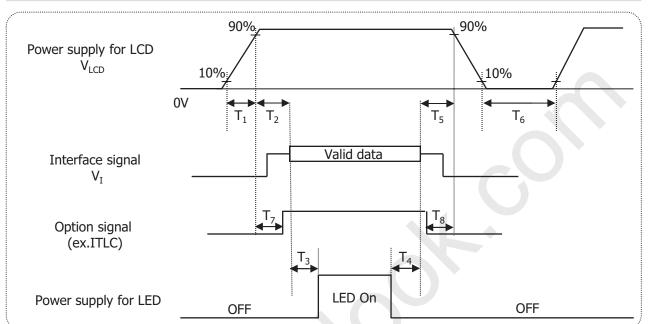


Table 3-7. Power Sequence

Parameter		Units			
rarameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Office	
T_1	0.5	-	10	ms	
T ₂	0.01	-	50	ms	
T ₃	500	-	-	ms	
T ₄	200	-	-	ms	
T ₅	0.01	-	50	ms	
T ₆	1000	-	-	ms	
T ₇	0.5	-	T2	ms	
T ₈	0	-	-	ms	

Notes:

- 1) Power sequence should be kept all the time including below cases for normal operation.
 - AC/DC Power On/Off
 - Mode change (resolution, frequency, timing, sleep mode, color depth change, etc.)
 The violation of power sequence can cause a significant trouble in display and reliability.
- 2) Please avoid floating state of interface signal during signal invalid period.
- 3) When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the V_{LCD} . (0V)
- 4) Please turn off the power supply for LED when the level of V_{LCD} changes to prevent noise issue. 5) When measuring valid data starting point, it can be measured that LVDS signal starts swing.





Product Specification

3-7. Power Dip Condition

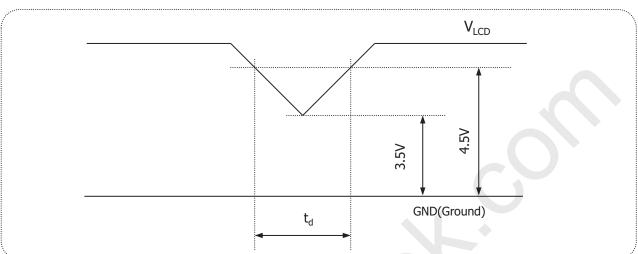


FIG.3-3 Power Dip Condition

For proper operation, stable power supply of V_{LCD} is necessary and power dip is allowed only in below condition. Except this condition, power on/off should follow power sequence specification exactly.

1) Dip Condition
$$3.5V \leq V_{LCD} < \ 4.5V \ , \ \ t_d \leq 20ms \label{eq:lcd}$$





Product Specification

3-8. General Specifications For Touch

Table 3-8. General Specifications For Touch

Ite	em	Spec	Notes
Sys	tem	Self Capacitive type	
Multi Tou	ch Points	10 points	
Active to	uch area	Same as LCD A/A	
Company	Туре	Advanced In-Cell Touch	
Sensor	Sensor	7.47mm (X) x 7.47mm (Y)	
	IC	SW42101M	Silicon Works
Touch IC Information	Firmware	FF.50	
	PID	9101	
Number of Se	ensor Channel	80ea (X) x 45ea (Y)	
Inter	rface	HID-USB	USB 2.0





Product Specification

3-9. Power Sequence For Touch

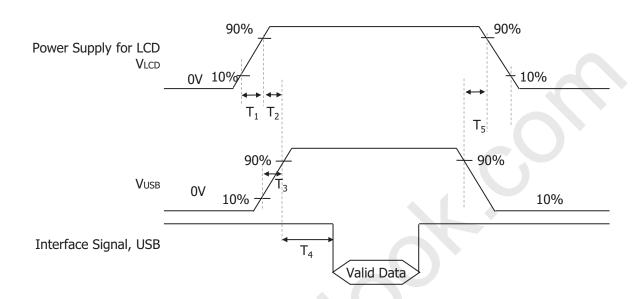


Table 3-9. Power Sequence For Touch

Parameter		Linita		
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
T ₁	0.5	-	10	ms
T ₂	0	-	-	ms
T ₃	0.5	-	10	ms
T_4	50	-	-	ms
T ₅	0	-	-	ms

Notes:

1) T_{4:} USB communication ready.





Product Specification

4. Optical Specifications

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25±2℃. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0° and aperture 1 degree. FIG.4-1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

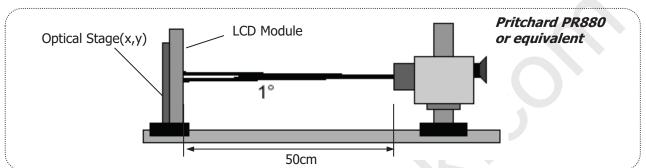


FIG.4-1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment And Method

Table 4-1. Optical Characteristics

 $(T = 25 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, \text{V}_{co} = \text{Typ. f}_{c} = 60 \, \text{Hz.} \, \text{DCLK} = \text{Typ.} \, \text{I}_{c} = \text{Typ.})$

Table 4 11 Optica	i Cilai actei istics		(1 _a =	$\sim 25 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{LCD}} =$	$= 1 \text{ yp, } t_{\text{V}} = 60$	Hz, DCLK=Ty	$p, I_S = Iyp$
Param	octor	Symbol		Values		Units	Notes
Palali	ietei	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	UTILS	Notes
Contrast Ratio		CR	700	1000	-		1
Surface Luminance,	white	L _{WH}	240	300	-	cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	minance Variation		75	-	-	%	3
Response Time	Gray to Gray	δ_{WHITE} T_{GTG_AVR}	-	14	28	ms	4
Color Gamut (CIE 1931)		sRGB	-	99	-	%	
	Dad	Rx	Typ -0.03	0.661	Тур +0.03		
	Red	Ry		0.332			
	Green	Gx		0.302			
Color Coordinates		Gy		0.622			
[CIE 1931] (By PR650)		Bx		0.147			
	Blue	Ву		0.055			
	\\/bito	Wx		0.313			
	White	Wy		0.329			
Color Temperature		-	-	6500	-	K	
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_{H}	170	178	-	Dograc	-
(CR>10, General)	Vertical	$\theta_{\sf V}$	170	178	-	Degree	5
Gray Scale		-		2.2			6

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Product Specification

Notes:

1) **Contrast Ratio(CR)** is defined mathematically as: **(By PR880)** It is measured at center point(1)

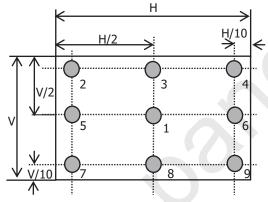
- 2) **Surface Luminance(LwH)** is the luminance value at center 1 point(1) across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG.4-1. *(By PR880)*
- 3) The Variation in Surface Luminance , δ _{WHITE} is defined as: **(By PR880)**

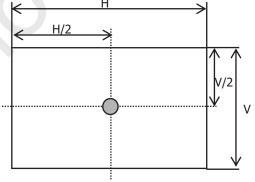
$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Minimum(LP1,LP2,, LP9)}}{\text{Maximum(LP1,LP2,, LP9)}} \times 100(\%)$$

Where L1 to L9 are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 9 locations. For more information see FIG.4-2.

<Measuring Point For Luminance Variation>







@ H,V: Active Area

FIG.4-2 Measure Point for Luminance





Product Specification

Notes:

- 4) The Gray To Gray Response Time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray To Gray ". (By RD805)
 - Gray step: 5 Step
 - T_{GTG_AVR} is the total average time at rising time and falling time for "Gray To Gray". For the GTG measurement, the sampling rate of oscilloscope is 500k/s.

Table 4-2. GTG Gray

Cray to C	Gray to Gray			Rising Time								
Gray to G	Idy	G255	G191	G127	G63	G0						
	G255											
	G191				1							
Falling Time	G127											
	G63											
	G0											

Response Time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

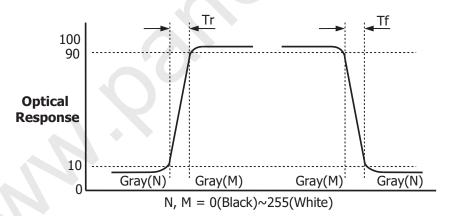


FIG.4-3 Response Time





Product Specification

Notes:

5) **Viewing Angle** is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG.4-4. **(By PR880)**

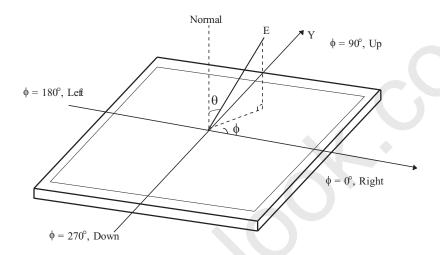


FIG.4-4 Viewing Angle

6) **Gamma Value** is approximately 2.2. For more information see below table.

Table 4-3. Gray Scale Specification

Gray Level	Relative Luminance [%](Typ)
0	0.10
15	0.31
31	1.08
47	2.53
63	4.72
79	7.7
95	11.5
111	16.1
127	21.7
143	28.1
159	35.5
175	43.7
191	53.0
207	63.2
223	74.5
239	86.7
255	100

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(1) LG Display



Product Specification

5. Mechanical Characteristics

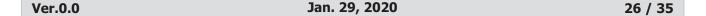
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Outline Dimension	Horizontal	607.1 mm				
	Vertical	354.1 mm				
	Depth	12.1 mm				
DI A	Horizontal	-				
Bezel Area	Vertical	-				
Active Dieplay Area	Horizontal	597.89 mm				
Active Display Area	Vertical	336.31 mm				
Weight	Typ: 3140 g , Max: 3300 g					
Surface Treatment	Glare treatment of the front polarizer (3H)					

Note: Please refer to a mechanical drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

- Outline dimensions (horizontal, vertical and outside depth) are measured by using vernier calipers.

- The inside depth dimensions are measured by using height gauge, when LCM is put face down onto a flat surface.

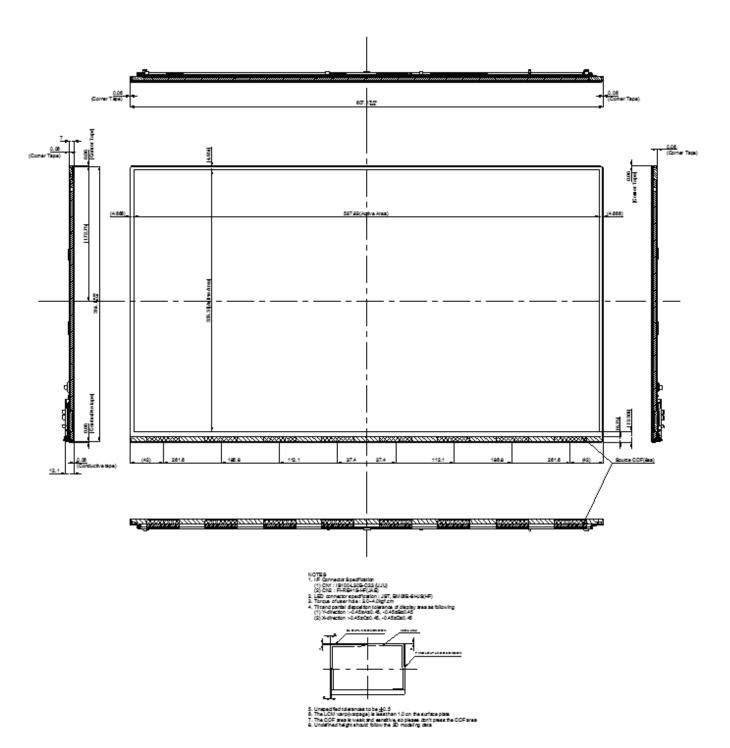






Product Specification

<Front View> <Update : 2020.01.09>

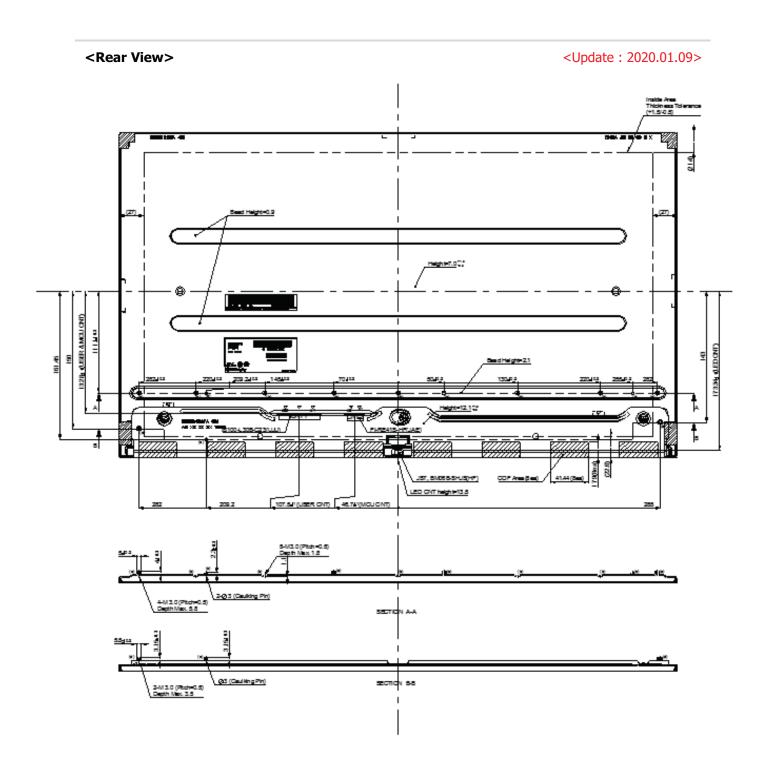


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6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No	Test Item	Condition	Notes
1	High temperature storage test	T _a = 60℃, 240h	1
2	Low temperature storage test	T _a = -20℃, 240h	1
3	High temperature operation test	T _a = 50℃, 50%RH, 240h	1
4	Low temperature operation test	T _a = 0℃, 240h	1
5	Humidity condition operation	$T_a = 40^{\circ}C$, 90%RH	1
6	Altitude Operating Storage / Shipment	0 - 10,000 feet (3,048m) 0 - 40,000 feet (12,192m)	
7	Maximum storage humidity for 4 corner light leakage Mura	Max 70%RH, $T_a = 40^{\circ}C$	

Note 1) Result Evaluation Criteria:

TFT-LCD panels test should take place after cooling enough at room temperature.

In the standard condition, there should be no particular problems that may affect the display function.

^{*} T_a = Ambient Temperature





Product Specification

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) IEC 62368-1, The International Electro-technical Commission(IEC).

 Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment Safety Safety Requirements.
- b) EN 62368-1, European Committee for Electro-technical Standardization (CENELEC) Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment - Safety Requirements
- c) UL 62368-1, UL LLC.
 Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment Safety Requirements
- d) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.62368-1, Canadian Standards Association (CSA).
 Audio/video, Information and Communication Technology Equipment Safety Requirements
- e) IEC 60950-1, The International Electro technical Commission (IEC). Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements

7-2. Environment

 a) RoHS, Commission Delegated Directive (EU) 2015/863 of 31 March 2015 amending Annex II to Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council

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Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C: Size(Inch)

E: Month

D: Year

F ∼ M: Serial No.

Notes:

1) Year

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Mark	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	J	K

2) Month

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	C

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module.

This is subject to change without prior notice.





Product Specification

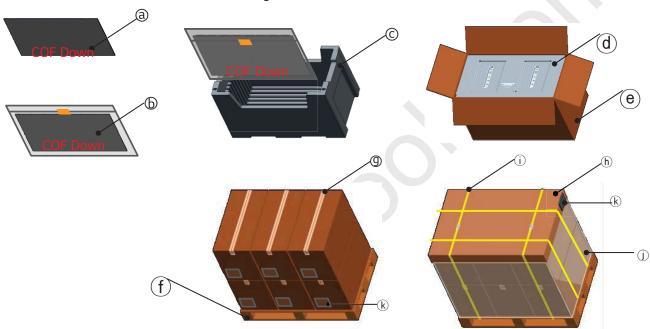
8-2. Packing Form

<Update : 2019.11.28>

a) Package quantity in one box: 9 ea Package quantity in one Pallet: 54 ea b) Box Size: 365mm x 710mm x 448mm

c) Pallet Ass'y Size: 1,140mm x740mm x1,019mn

* LCM Direction(Insert to Bottom Packing): COF Down



No.	Description	Material				
a	LCM	-				
b	AL-Bag	AL				
©	Packing,Bottom	EPS				
(d)	Packing,Top	EPS				
e	Box	Paper(SW)				
(f)	Pallet	Plywood				
9	Tape	OPP				
h	Angle Cover	Paper(SW)				
(i)	BAND	PP				
①	Wrap	-				
(k)	Label	Yupo				

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Product Specification

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- 1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in rear side.
- 2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force(ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- 3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- 4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- 5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- 6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.

 (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- 7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- 8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- 9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.
- 10) System frame should not have an interference with panel which can cause LC Leakage/Panel Crack due to the contraction of system frame at low temperature condition or panel damage by any other circumstances.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- 1) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- 2) Brightness depends on the temperature.(In higher temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- 3) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- 4) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- 5) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- 6) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- 7) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw.(if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- 8) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- 9) When LCMs are used for public display, defects such as Yogore & image sticking can not be guaranteed.
- 10) LCMs cannot support "Interlaced Scan Method"
- 11) When this reverse model is used as a forward-type model (PCB on top side) or a Portrait-type mode at storage and operation, LGD can not guarantee any defects of LCM.
- 12) Please conduct image sticking test after 2-hour aging with Rolling Pattern at normal temperature.(25~40°C)





Product Specification

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions For Strong Light and Hazardous Materials Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

The LCM should be avoided direct contact with hazardous materials such as sulfur, acetic acid, chlorine, etc. These materials may cause chemical reaction such as sulfurization, corrosion, discoloration, etc.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- 1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5° and 35° at normal humidity.
- 2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions For Protection Film

- 1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- 2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- 3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.