### $\oslash$

# **NEC** NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

# **TFT COLOR LCD MODULE**

# NL10276BC24-13

30.7cm (12.1 Type) XGA LVDS interface (1port)

DATA SHEET

DOD-PD-0331 (2nd edition)

This DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-PD-0309(1).

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.

Document Number: DOD-PD-0331 (2nd edition) Published date: December 2003 CP(N) 1

© NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd. 2003 All rights reserved.

### $\Diamond$

NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

### NL10276BC24-13

#### INTRODUCTION

No part of this document shall be copied in any form or by any means without the prior written consent of NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd. (hereinafter called "NEC").

NEC does not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of third parties by or arising from use of a product described herein or any other liability arising from use of such application. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of NEC or of others.

While NEC has been making continuous effort to enhance the reliability of its products, the possibility of failures cannot be eliminated entirely. To minimize risks of damage to property or injury to person arising from a failure in an NEC product, customers must incorporate sufficient safety measures in their design, such as redundancy, fire-containment and anti-failure features.

NEC products are classified into the following three quality grades: "Standard", "Special", "Specific"

The "*Specific*" quality grade applies only to applications developed based on a customer designated "quality assurance program" for a specific application. The recommended applications of a product depend on its quality grade, as indicated below. Customers must check the quality grade of each application before using it in a particular application.

- *Standard:* Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots
- *Special:* Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support)
- *Specific:* Military systems, aircraft, aerospace equipment, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems (medical equipment, etc.) and any other equipment

The quality grade of this product is "*Standard*" unless otherwise specified in this document. If customers intend to use this product for applications other than those specified for "*Standard*" quality grade, they should contact NEC sales representative in advance.



 $\oslash$ 

**NEC** NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

# NL10276BC24-13

#### CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	2
1. OUTLINE	
1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE	
1.2 APPLICATION	
1.3 FEATURES	
2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	
3. BLOCK DIAGRAM	
4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS	
4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	
4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board	
4.3.2 Backlight lamp	
4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple	
4.3.4 Fuse	10
4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE	11
4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board	11
4.4.2 Backlight inverter (Option)	11
4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS	
<ul><li>4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board</li><li>4.5.2 Backlight lamp</li></ul>	12
4.5.2 Backlight lamp	13
4.5.3 Positions of plugs and a socket	13
4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS	
4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS	
4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals and FRC signal	
4.6.2 16,777,216 colors	
4.6.3 262,144 colors	
4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS 4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS	
4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS	
<ul><li>4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings</li><li>4.9.2 Timing characteristics</li></ul>	
4.9.2 Thining characteristics	
4.10 OPTICS	
4.10.1 Optical characteristics	
4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio	
4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity	
4.10.4 Definition of response times	
4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles.	
5. RELIABILITY TESTS	
6. PRECAUTIONS	
6.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS	
6.2 CAUTIONS	
6.3 ATTENTIONS	
6.3.1 Handling of the product	
6.3.2 Environment	
6.3.3 Characteristics	
6.3.4 Other	
7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS	
7.1 FRONT VIEW	
7.2 REAR VIEW	29

DATA SHEET DOD-PD-0331 (2nd edition)

### NL10276BC24-13

### **1. OUTLINE**

### 1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL10276BC24-13 is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. PC, signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

#### **1.2 APPLICATION**

• For industrial use

#### **1.3 FEATURES**

- High resolution
- High luminance
- High contrast
- Wide viewing angle
- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8bit or 6bit digital signals for data of RGB
- Edge light type (without inverter)
- Replaceable lamp for backlight
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1 1st Edition/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E170632)

 $\Diamond$ 



# **NEC** NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

# NL10276BC24-13

### 2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

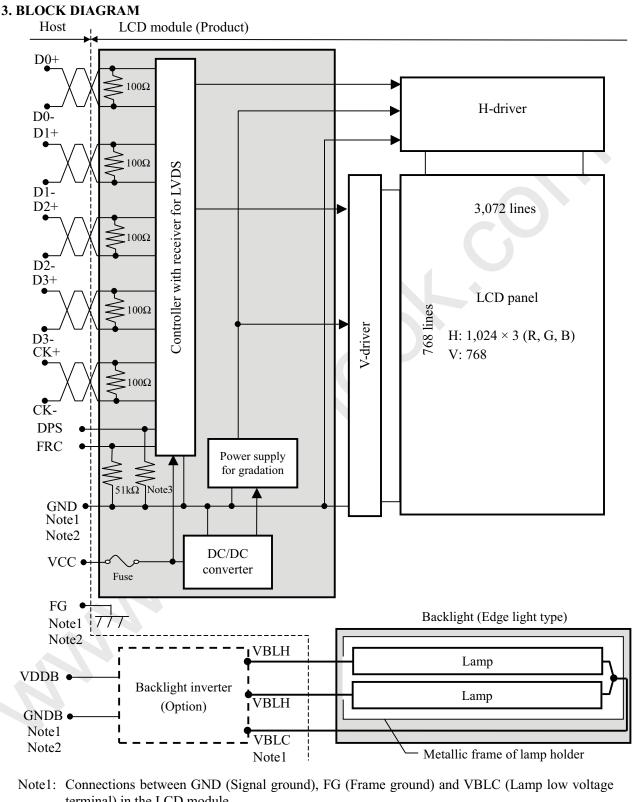
Display area	245.76 (H) × 184.32 (V) mm
Diagonal size of display	30.7 cm (12.1 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	At input signals for data of RGB: 8bit and FRC: High 16,777,216 colors At input signals for data of RGB: 6bit and FRC: Low or Open 262,144 colors
Pixel	$1,024 (H) \times 768 (V)$ pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	$0.08 (H) \times 0.24 (V) mm$
Pixel pitch	$0.24 (H) \times 0.24 (V) mm$
Module size	280.0 (W) × 210.0 (H) × 13.0 (D) mm (typ.)
Weight	750g (typ.)
Contrast ratio	600:1 (typ.)
Viewing angle	<ul> <li>At the contrast ratio ≥ 10:1</li> <li>Horizontal: Right side 70° (typ.), Left side 70° (typ.)</li> <li>Vertical: Up side 45° (typ.), Down side 55° (typ.)</li> </ul>
Designed viewing direction	<ul> <li>At DPS= Low or Open: normal scan</li> <li>Viewing direction without image reversal: up side (12 o'clock)</li> <li>Viewing direction with contrast peak: down side (6 o'clock)</li> <li>Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ=2.2): normal axis</li> </ul>
Polarizer surface	Clear
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5400]
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 40 % (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
Response time	$Ton + Toff (10\% \leftrightarrow 90\%)$ 33 ms (typ.)
Luminance	At lamp current IBL=5.0mArms / lamp 400 cd/m <sup>2</sup> (typ.)
Signal system	LVDS 1port (Receiver: THC63LVDF84A, THine Electronics Inc. or equivalent) 8bit/6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V
	Edge light type: 2 cold cathode fluorescent lamps
Backlight	Replaceable parts         • Lamp holder set: Type No. 121LHS18         Recommended inverter (Option)         • Inverter: Type No. 121PW181
Power consumption	At lamp current IBL=5.0mArms / lamp and checkered flag pattern         7.0 W (typ., Power dissipation of the inverter does not include.)

屏库:全球液晶屏交易中心

 $\oslash$ 



NL10276BC24-13



terminar) in the LCD module					
GND - FG	Not connected				
GND - VBLC	Not connected				
FG - VBLC	Not connected				

Note2: GND, FG and GNDB must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds are connected together in customer equipment.



### NL10276BC24-13

Note3: Pull-down resistance of DPS pin

		(K <u>2</u> )
min.	typ.	max.
20	50	132

#### 4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

#### 4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$280.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 210.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 13.0 \text{ (typ., D)} \\ 13.7 \text{ (max., D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	245.76 (H) × 184.32 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	750 (typ.), 780 (max.)		g

Note1: See "7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

#### 4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Paramet	er	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power supply	LCD panel signal processing board		VCC	-0.3 to +4.0	V	
voltage		Lamp	VBLH	1,800	Vrms	
	Ι	Display signals Note1	VD			$Ta = 25^{\circ}C$
Input voltage for signals	Function signal 1 Note2		VF1	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	
	Function signal 2 Note3		VF2			
	Storage temp	erature	Tst	-20 to +80	°C	-
Operating tem	naratura	Front surface	TopF	-10 to +70	°C	Note4
Operating ten	iperature	Rear surface	TopR	-10 to +70	°C	Note5
	Relative humidity			≤ 95	%	Ta ≤ 40°C
Note6			RH	≤ 85	%	$40 < Ta \le 50^{\circ}C$
	Absolute hu Note6	AH	≤ 70 Note7	g/m <sup>3</sup>	Ta > 50°C	

Note1: Display signals are D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CK+/-.

Note2: Function signal 1 is DPS.

Note3: Function signal 2 is FRC.

Note4: Measured at center of LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note5: Measured at center of LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note6: No condensation

Note7:  $Ta = 50^{\circ}C$ , RH = 85%

# $\oslash$

# NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

### NL10276BC24-13

#### 4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

	e						(Ta = 25°C)
Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Power supply current		ICC	-	290 Note1	450 Note2	mA	at VCC = $3.3V$
Permissible ripple voltage		VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC
Differential input threshold	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM=1.2V
voltage for LVDS receiver	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	Note3
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	-
Innut violtage for DDS signal	High	VFH1	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	
Input voltage for DPS signal	Low	VFL1	0	-	0.8	V	-
Input voltage for EBC signal	High	VFH2	2.0		VCC	V	
Input voltage for FRC signal	Low	VFL2	0		0.8	V	-

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver



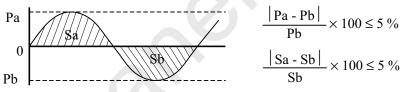
### NL10276BC24-13

4.3.2 Backlight lamp

						$(1a=25^{\circ}C, Note1)$
Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Lamp current	IBL	2.0	5.0	5.5	mArms	At IBL=5.0mArms: 400cd/m <sup>2</sup> Note3, Note4
Lamp voltage	VBLH	-	570	-	Vrms	Note2,Note3
Lower starting valtage	VS	970	-	-	Vrms	Ta = 25°C Note2, Note3
Lamp starting voltage	v S	1,410	-	-	Vrms	Ta = -10°C Note2, Note3
Oscillation frequency	FO	58	63	68	kHz	Note5

Note1: This product consists 2 backlight lamps, and these specifications are for each lamp.

- Note2: The lamp voltage cycle between lamps should be kept on a same phase. "VS" and "VBLH" are the voltage value between low voltage side (Cold) and high voltage side (Hot).
- Note3: The asymmetric ratio of working waveform for lamps (Power supply voltage peak ratio, power supply current peak ratio and waveform space ratio) should be less than 5 % (See the following figure.). If the waveform is asymmetric, DC (Direct current) element apply into the lamp. In this case, a lamp lifetime may be shortened, because a distribution of a lamp enclosure substance inclines toward one side between low voltage terminal (Cold terminal) and high voltage terminal (Hot terminal).



Pa: Supply voltage/current peak for positive, Pb: Supply voltage/current peak for negative Sa: Waveform space for positive part, Sb: Waveform space for negative part

- Note4: This product consists of 2 lamps. 2 lamps are contained in the 1 lamp holder, and both lamps are connected to 1 low voltage cable. Recommendation lamp current is 5.0mArms typical for each lamp, and sum of 2 lamps is 10mArms typical. The lamp current should be measured by high-frequency current meter at the low voltage terminal.
- Note5: In case "FO" is not the recommended value, beat noise may display on the screen, because of interference between "FO" and "1/th". Recommended value of "FO" is as following.

$$FO = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{th} \times (2n-1)$$

th: Horizontal cycle (See "4.9.2 Timing characteristics".)

n: Natural number (1, 2, 3 .....)

Note6: Method of lamp cable installation may invite fluctuation of lamp current and voltage or asymmetric of lamp working waveform. When designing method of lamp cable installation, evaluate the fluctuation of lamp current, voltage and working waveform sufficiently.



### NL10276BC24-13

#### 4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are beyond the permissible values as following the table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power sup	ply voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC 3.3 V		≤ 100	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

#### 4.3.4 Fuse

Daramatar	Fuse			Fusing ourrent	Remarks	
Farameter	Parameter Type		Rating	Fusing current	Remarks	
VCC	FCC16202AD	KAMAYA ELECTRIC Co., Ltd.	2.0 A	5.0 A	Note1	

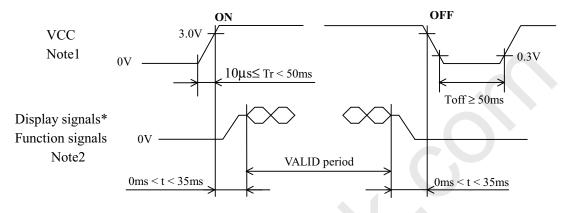
Note1: The power supply capacity should be more than the fusing current. If the power supply capacity is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow for a short time, and then nasty smell, smoking and so on may occur.

NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

### NL10276BC24-13

#### 4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board

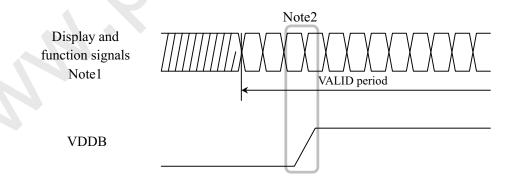


\* These signals should be measured at the terminal of  $100\Omega$  resistance.

- Note1: In terms of voltage variation (voltage drop) while VCC rising edge is below 3.0V, a protection circuit may work, and then this product may not work.
- Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CK+/-) and function signals (DPS and FRC) must be Low or High-impedance, exclude the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid that internal circuits is damaged.
  If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is

working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If customer stops the display and function signals, they should be cut VCC.

4.4.2 Backlight inverter (Option)



- Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.
- Note2: The backlight inverter voltage (VDDB) should be inputted within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

<	P	>

## NL10276BC24-13

### 4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

### 4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): FI-SE20P-HF (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))Adaptable plug: FI-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

-		piug	. 1 1-5205 (Japan Av	Tation Electronics industry Limited (JAE))		
Pin No. Symbol		Symbol	Signal	Remarks		
1	А	D3+	Pixel data			
1	1 B GND		Ground	N-4-1 N-4-2		
2	А	D3-	Pixel data	Note1, Note3		
2	В	GND	Ground			
	3	DPS	Selection of scan direction	High:Reverse scanLow or Open:Normal scanNote2		
2	1	FRC	Selection signal of frame rate control	High: Frame rate control ON Low or Open: Frame rate control OFF Note1		
4	5	GND	Ground	-		
(	6 CK+		Pixel clock	Note3		
,	7 CK-		I IXEI CIOCK			
8	3	GND	Ground	-		
ç	9 D2+		Pixel data	Note3		
1	10 D2-		T IXEI data			
1	1	GND	Ground	-		
1	2	D1+	D1+ Pixel data Note3			
1	3	D1-		Notes		
1	4	GND	Ground	-		
1	5	D0+	Pixel data	Note3		
1	16 D0-		I IACI Uata	notes		
1	7	GND	Ground			
1	8	GND	Oround	-		
1	9	VCC	Power supply			
2	20 VCC		rower suppry	-		

# Note1: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note2: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note3: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be connected between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

 $\langle P \rangle$ 



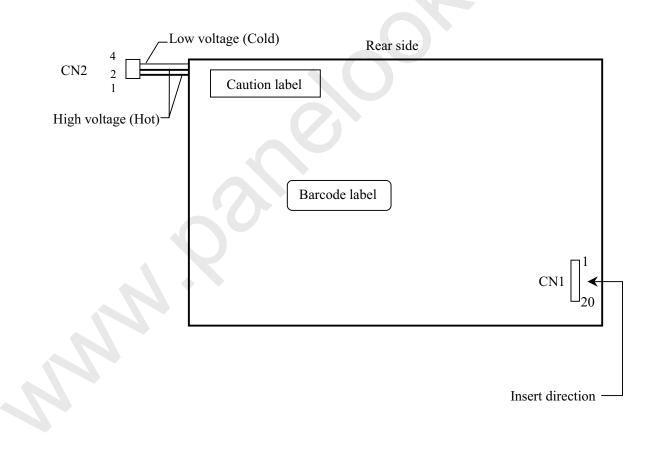
# NL10276BC24-13

### 4.5.2 Backlight lamp

# Attention: VBLH and VBLC must be connected correctly. If customer connects wrongly, customer will be hurt and the module will be broken.

CN2 plug	(LCD modul	e side) : BHR-04VS-1 (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)	: BHR-04VS-1 (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)					
Adaptable	socket	: SM03 (7-D1) B-BHS-1 (J.S.T. Mfg.	Co., Ltd.)					
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks					
1	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Cable color: Pink					
2	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Cable color: Pink					
3	N. C.	-	Keep this pin Open.					
4	VBLC	Low voltage (Cold)	Cable color: White					

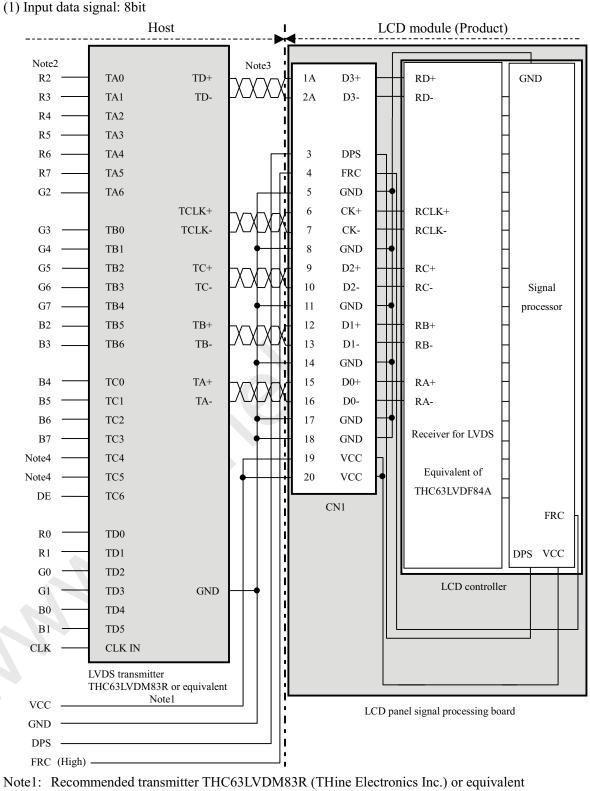
### 4.5.3 Positions of plugs and a socket







### NL10276BC24-13



#### 4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) - R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) - R7, G7, B7

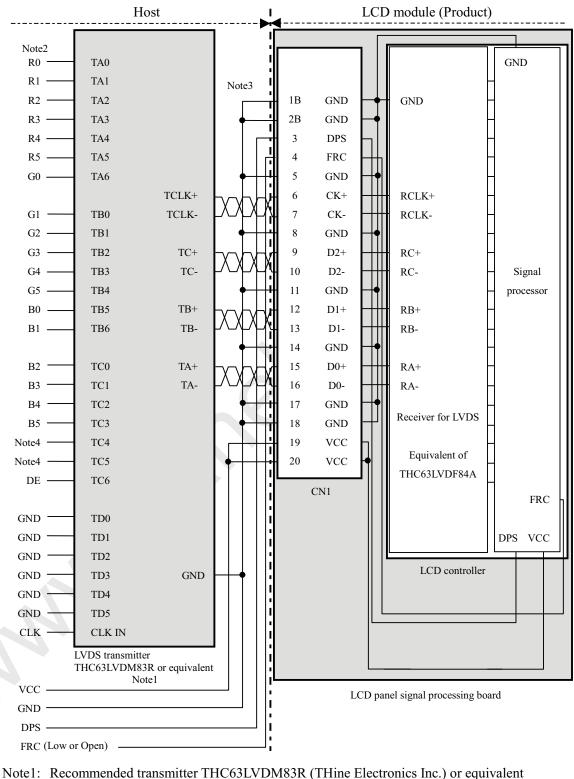
- Note3: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be connected between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TC4 and TC5 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4 and TC5 open to avoid noise problem.

DATA SHEET DOD-PD-0331 (2nd edition)



# NL10276BC24-13

(2) Input data signal: 6bit



Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R5, G5, B5

- Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be connected between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TC4 and TC5 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4 and TC5 open to avoid noise problem.

DATA SHEET DOD-PD-0331 (2nd edition)

# NL10276BC24-13

### 4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals and FRC signal

This product can display in equivalent to 16,777,216 colors in 256 gray scales and 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination between input data signals and FRC signal. See following table.

Combination	Input data signals	CN1-Pin No.1 and 2	FRC signal	Display colors	Remarks
1	8bit	D3+/-	High	16,777,216	Note1
2	6bit	GND	Low or Open	262,144	Note2

Note1: See "4.6.2 16,777,216 colors".

Note2: See "4.6.3 262,144 colors".

### $\langle \! \! \rangle$

NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

### NL10276BC24-13

#### 4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display equivalent of 16,777,216 colors in 256 gray scales by combination ①. (See "4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals and FRC signal".)

Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Diaml	ay colors								Ľ	ata si	gna	al (0	: Lo	ow I	leve	l, 1:	Hig	gh level)								
Displa	ay colors	R7 R	.6 I	R 5	R4	R 3	R	2 R	1 R 0	G7	G	6 0	<u>3</u> 5	G4	G3	G	2 G	61 G0	B7 B	36	В5	Β4	В3	B2	2 B	1 B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
lors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
sic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red gray scale	↑ I					:									:											
р bù	$\downarrow$					•									:								:			
Re	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
y sc	dark ↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
gra	↑ ↓														:											
Green gray scale	•	0	0	0	0	:	0	0	0		1	1	1	1	:	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	:	0	0	0
Ğ	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0 0		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1 0	0	0 0						
	Graan	0	0 0	0	0	0	0		0		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Бласк	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
cale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
y sc		0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	1	0
gra	J.														:											
Blue gray scale	↓ bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
В	origin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<u> </u>	Ditte	0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

### $\Diamond$

# NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

### NL10276BC24-13

#### 4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display equivalent of 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination <sup>(2)</sup>. (See "4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals and FRC signal".)

Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

D' 1		Data signal (0: Low level, 1: High level)																	
Displa	y colors	R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic Colors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Co	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
asic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
B	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay	↑				:					:							:		
Red gray scale	$\downarrow$				:												:		
Re	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
/ sc	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
gray	 Ţ				:					:							:		
Green gray scale	$\downarrow$				:					:									
Gre	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ū		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sce	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
tray	$\uparrow$				:					:							•		
Blue gray scale	$\downarrow$				:					:							:		
Blı	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

### NL10276BC24-13

### 4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0, 0) R G	В					
$\left(\begin{array}{cc} C(&0,&0) \end{array}\right)$	C( 1, 0)	•••	C( X, 0)	•••	C(1022, 0)	C(1023, 0)
C( 0, 1)	C(1, 1)	•••	C( X, 1)	•••	C(1022, 1)	C(1023, 1)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	•••	•	•••
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C( 0, Y)	C( 1, Y)	•••	C( X, Y)	•••	C(1022, Y)	C(1023, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	• •	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C( 0, 766)	C(1, 766)	•••	C( X, 766)	•••	C(1022, 766)	C(1023, 766)
C( 0, 767)	C( 1, 767)	•••	C( X, 767)	•••	C(1022, 767)	C(1023, 767)

#### 4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.

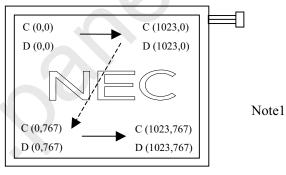


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)

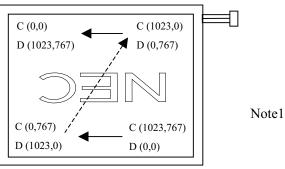


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)

D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

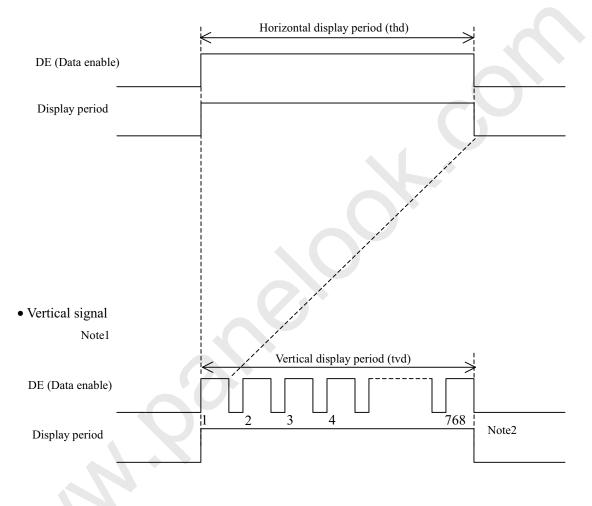


### NL10276BC24-13

#### 4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

- 4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings
  - Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing. Note2: See "**4.9.3 Input signal timing chart**" for numeration of pulse.

### $\Diamond$

# NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

### NL10276BC24-13

4.9.2 Timing	characteristics
--------------	-----------------

	Param	eter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks		
	Freq	uency	1/tc	60.0	65.0	68.0	MHz	15.385 ns (typ.)		
CLK	Duty		-				-	Note2		
	Rise time, Fall time				-		ns	INOLE2		
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-				ns			
DATA	CLK-DAIA	Hold time	-		-		ns	Note2		
	Rise time	e, Fall time	-				ns			
		Cycle	th	19.67	20.676	22.4	μs	48.363 kHz (typ.)		
	Horizontal	Cycle	ui	-	1344	-	CLK	Note1, Note2,		
		Display period	thd		1024			Note3		
	V	Cycle	tv	13.3	16.666	18.5	ms			
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	ιv	780	806	-	Н	60.0 Hz (typ.) Note1		
	(One frame)	Display period	tvd		768		Н	Note1		
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-				ns			
	ULK-DE	Hold time	-				ns	Note2		
	Rise time	e, Fall time	-				ns			

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc = 1CLK, th = 1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

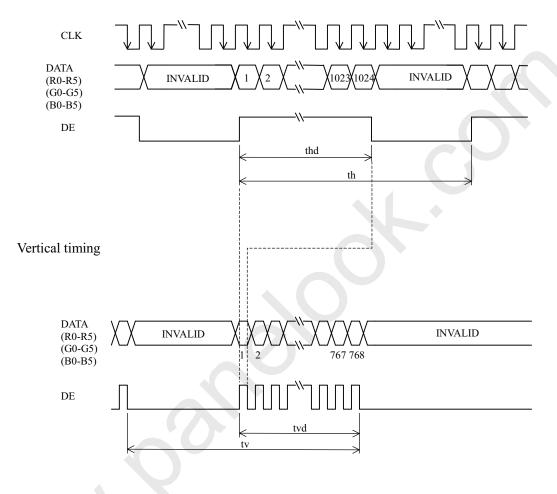
Note3: "th" must keep the fluctuation within ±1 CLK, because of avoidance of image sticking.



### NL10276BC24-13

4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

#### Horizontal timing



DATA SHEET DOD-PD-0331 (2nd edition)

## NL10276BC24-13

### 4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

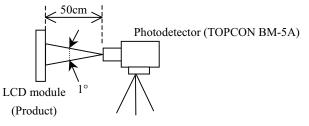
							(Note)	l, Note2)
Paramete	er	Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Luminand	ce	White at center $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	L	300	400	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	-
Contrast ra	itio	White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	CR	300	600	-	-	Note3
Luminance uni	formity	-	LU	-	1.25	1.40	-	Note4
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.283	0.313	0.343	-	
	white	y coordinate	Wy	0.299	0.329	0.359	-	
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	0.592		-	
Chromaticity	Red	y coordinate	Ry	-	0.345	-	-	
Chromatienty	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	0.326	-	-	Note5
	Green	y coordinate	Gy		0.524	I	-	
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	1	0.155	I	-	
	Blue	y coordinate	By		0.158	I	-	
Color gam	ut	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ at center, against NTSC color space	С	35	40	-	%	
Response ti	me	White to black	Ton	-	8	10	ms	Note6
		Black to white	Toff	-	25	30	ms	Note7
	Right	$\theta U = 0^{\circ},  \theta D = 0^{\circ},  CR \ge 10$	θR	60	70	-	0	
Viewing angle	Left	$\theta U = 0^\circ,  \theta D = 0^\circ,  CR \ge 10$	θL	60	70	-	0	Note8
viewing angle	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$ $\theta U$ 35		45	-	0	INOLEO	
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ},  \theta L = 0^{\circ},  CR \ge 10$	θD	45	55	-	0	

Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta =  $25^{\circ}$ C, VCC = 3.3V, IBL = 5.0mArms/lamp, Display mode: XGA, Horizontal cycle = 48.363kHz, Vertical cycle = 60.0Hz, DPS= Low or Open, FRC= Low or Open

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation after 20minutes from working the product, in the dark room. Also measurement method for luminance is as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio". Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity". Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram. Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF =  $26^{\circ}$ C Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times". Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".





### NL10276BC24-13

4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

Contrast ratio (CR) =  $\frac{\text{Luminance of white screen}}{1 + 1}$ 

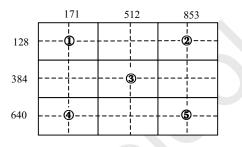
Luminance of black screen

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

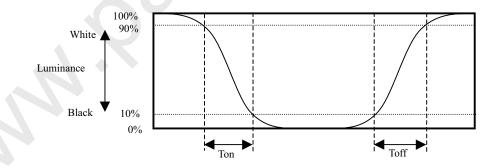
$$Luminance uniformity (LU) = \frac{Maximum luminance from ① to ⑤}{Minimum luminance from ① to ⑤}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

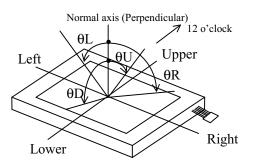


#### 4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured, the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time it takes the luminance change from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time it takes the luminance change from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles



DATA SHEET DOD-PD-0331 (2nd edition)

 $\langle p \rangle$ 



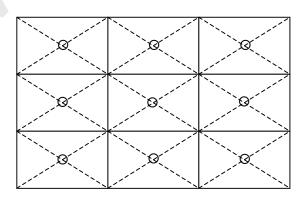
### NL10276BC24-13

#### 5. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgement				
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	<ol> <li>60 ± 2°C, RH = 90%, 240hours</li> <li>Display data is black.</li> </ol>					
High temperature (Operation)	<ol> <li>70 ± 2°C, 240hours</li> <li>Display data is black.</li> </ol>					
Heat cycle (Operation)	<ol> <li>10 ± 3°C1hour</li> <li>70 ± 3°C1hour</li> <li>50cycles, 4hours/cycle</li> <li>Display data is black.</li> </ol>					
Thermal shock (Non operation)	<ul> <li>① -20 ± 3°C30minutes 80 ± 3°C30minutes</li> <li>② 100cycles, 1hour/cycle</li> <li>③ Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes.</li> </ul>	No display malfunctions Note1				
ESD (Operation)	<ul> <li>① 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV</li> <li>② 9 places on a panel surface Note2</li> <li>③ 10 times each places at 1 sec interval</li> </ul>					
Dust (Operation)	<ol> <li>① Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901)</li> <li>② 15 seconds stir</li> <li>③ 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval</li> </ol>					
Vibration (Non operation)	<ul> <li>① 5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s<sup>2</sup></li> <li>② 1 minute/cycle</li> <li>③ X, Y, Z direction</li> <li>④ 120 times each directions</li> </ul>	No display malfunctions No physical damages				
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	<ul> <li>① 539m/s<sup>2</sup>, 11ms</li> <li>② ±X, ±Y, ±Z direction</li> <li>③ 5 times each directions</li> </ul>	Note1				

Note1:Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2:See the following figure for discharge points.





### NL10276BC24-13

#### 6. PRECAUTIONS

#### 6.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

wrong operations.

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "6.2 CAUTIONS" and "6.3 ATTENTIONS", after understanding this contents!

This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself or the product will sustain a damage, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will get an electrical shock, if customer has



wrong operations. This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself, if customer has

#### 6.2 CAUTIONS

\* Do not touch the working backlight. Customer will be in danger of an electric shock.



\* Do not touch the backlight while turn on. Customer will be in danger of burn injury.

\* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: To be not greater 539m/s<sup>2</sup> and to be not greater 11ms, Pressure: To be not greater 19.6N)

#### **6.3 ATTENTIONS**

- 6.3.1 Handling of the product
  - ① Take hold of both ends without touch the circuit board when customer pulls out products (LCD modules) from inner packing box. If customer touches it, products may be broken down or out of adjustment, because of stress to mounting parts.
  - <sup>(2)</sup> Do not hook cables nor pull connection cables such as lamp cable and so on, for fear of damage.
  - ③ If customer puts down the product temporarily, the product puts on flat subsoil as a display side turns down.
  - (1) Take the measures of electrostatic discharge such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, when customer deals with the product, because products may be damaged by electrostatic.
  - ⑤ The torque for mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N⋅m. Higher torque values might result in distortion of the bezel.
  - <sup>(6)</sup> The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area) except mounting hole portion.

Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion except mounting hole portion may cause display un-uniformity.

### $\oslash$

### NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

### NL10276BC24-13

- ⑦ Do not press or rub on the sensitive display surface. If customer clean on the panel surface, NEC recommends using the cloth with ethanolic liquid such as screen cleaner for LCD.
- Do not push-pull the interface connectors while the product is working, because wrong power sequence may break down the product.
- Do not bend or unbend the lamp cable at the near part of the lamp holding rubber, to avoid the damage for high voltage side of the lamp. This damage may cause a lamp breaking and abnormal operation of high voltage circuit.

#### 6.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in antistatic pouch in room temperature, because of avoidance for dusts and sunlight, if customer stores the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurring by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after leave under the environment of an unpacking room temperature enough. Because a situation of dew condensation occurring is changed by the environmental temperature and humidity, evaluate the leaving time sufficiently. (Recommendation leaving time: 6 hour or more with packing state)
- ③ Do not operate in high magnetic field. Circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.
- <sup>(5)</sup> Use an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer). Adhesive type protection sheet should be avoided, because it may change color or properties of the polarizer.

#### 6.3.3 Characteristics

#### The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Response time, luminance and color may be changed by ambient temperature.
- <sup>(2)</sup> The LCD may be seemed luminance non-uniformity, flicker, vertical seam or small spot by display patterns.
- ③ Optical characteristics (e.g. luminance, display uniformity, etc.) gradually is going to change depending on operating time, and especially low temperature, because the LCD has cold cathode fluorescent lamps.
- (1) Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- ⑤ The display color may be changed by viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight unit.
- <sup>(6)</sup> Optical characteristics may be changed by input signal timings.
- ⑦ The interference noise of input signal frequency for this product's signal processing board and luminance control frequency of customer's backlight inverter may appear on a display. Set up luminance control frequency of backlight inverter so that the interference noise does not appear.

#### 6.3.4 Other

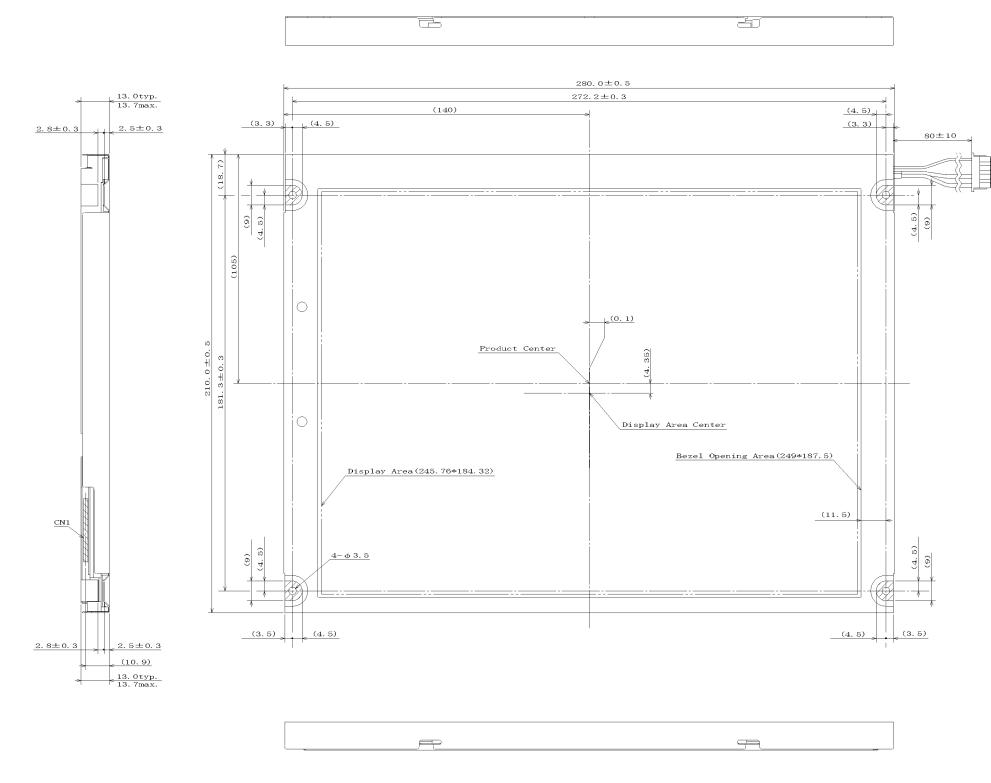
- ① All GND, backlight inverter ground (GNDB), VCC and backlight inverter power supply voltage (VDDB) terminals should be used without a non-connected line.
- <sup>(2)</sup> Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors without permission of NEC.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", if customer would like to replace backlight lamps.
- ④ Pay attention not to insert waste materials inside of products, if customer uses screwnails.
- ⑤ Pack the product with original shipping package, because of avoidance of some damages during transportation, when customer returns it to NEC for repair and so on.

 $\bigotimes$ 

# NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

### 7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

#### 7.1 FRONT VIEW

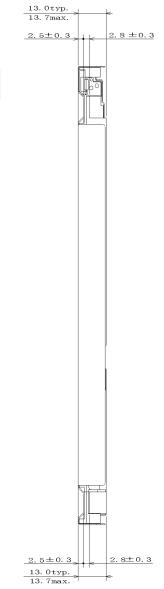


Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

- Note2: The torque for mounting screws must never exceed 0.294 N·m.
- Note3: Mounting hole portions (4 pieces)

### NL10276BC24-13

☆

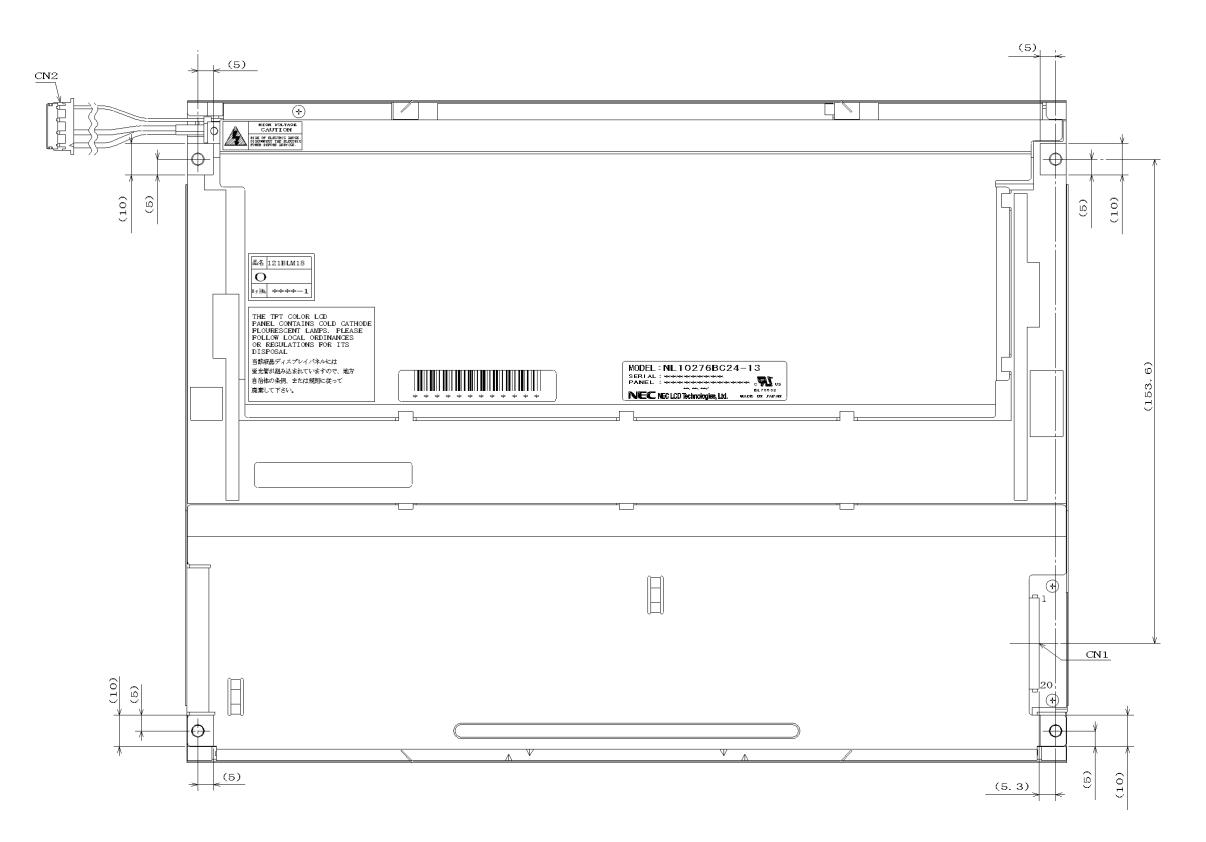


Unit: mm

### $\oslash$

## NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

7.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference. Note2: The torque for mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

DATA SHEET DOD-PD-0331 (2nd edition)

☆

Unit: mm